

If You Don't  
Take The Standard you  
don't get the news—you  
would if you did.

# The Chelsea Standard.

If You Don't  
Advertise in The Standard  
you don't get the trade—  
you would if you did.

VOL. XI. NO. 3.

A CHELSEA PAPER FOR CHELSEA PEOPLE.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1899.

WHOLE NUMBER 523

## NEW WHITE GOODS

## EMBROIDERIES AND LINENS.

We have just received and placed on sale a good large assortment of white piques, welts, nainsooks, india linons, persian lawns, organdies, with laces, embroideries and trimmings suitable to use on these materials.

Everything indicates that this will be a

## WHITE GOODS SUMMER

We have made our purchases accordingly. We have bought very freely of white piques and welts. Prices 15c to 45c. These goods are finer and handsomer than we ever saw, and come in all sizes. Welts in both fancy and plain cords.

## EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.

We have bought all of our embroideries in lots, each lot an assortment at a price. The lot at 5c is the same quality as our regular 8c line. We would like to have you see the lots at 10, 15, 19, 22 and 25c yard.

We made especial effort on underwear laces. These laces are just as servicable as the best embroideries and much cheaper. You should see our laces at from 5 to 10c yd.

## H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

Butterick's patterns for March now on sale.

## CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

To still reduce our large stock of winter weights and to give vent to our pleasure of employing home talent and deserving workers, we call your attention to the fact that we will still continue to sell

Suits, Overcoats and Odd Trousers at Greatly Reduced prices for the next Thirty days.

To make room for our large spring purchases that promises to be the finest spring stock ever shown in Chelsea, which I trust will be appreciated, as well as the finest Merchant Tailoring establishment in Washtenaw county. Soliciting a call we remain yours

## RAFTREY,

The Worker of Gentlemen's Clothes.

## TALK AND WIND

are cheap, but when in need of Tea, Coffee, Canned Goods, Confectionery, Hay, Straw, Corn, Oats, try us and be convinced that we are not undersold.

## J. S. CUMMINGS.

## A BUTCHER THAT KNOWS HIS BUSINESS

never takes advantage of the inexperience of his customers by giving them poor cuts or light weights. We treat our patrons honorably and in the same courteous manner, and cut them the best of the kind that they ask for—and when we do that you couldn't find better for love or money. Fresh, smoked, salt meats and sausage, poultry, oysters.

Lard by the Crook 7c at

ADAM EPPLER'S Meat Market.

## KILLED BY CARS

John Cory of this Place Jumped From Train and was Cut to Pieces.

## HAD BEEN STEALING A RIDE

This Seems to be a Popular Way of Travel With the Boys.

About three o'clock Saturday morning the body of John Cory of this place was discovered on the railroad track just west of the Shaver crossing. One leg and one hand was cut off and his head was badly crushed, besides many other bruises on his body.

The remains were gathered up and carried to the baggage room and left there until morning, when they were taken to Staffan's morgue.

Justice B. Parker was notified and empaneled the coroner's jury, which was composed of the following gentlemen: D. B. Taylor, James Fachman, I. Vogel, William Lewick, C. W. Maroney and Charles Allyn. The inquest was adjourned until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

The story of the accident, as near as anyone can get it is given in the testimony of the railroad men and the unfortunate young man's companions, which is given below:

The first witness called was F. Raymond, the engineer of the train, who said that he did not see anyone on the track ahead of his train; did not see the man until he laid on the car. The train stopped at Chelsea to take water.

A. W. Turner, fireman, gave the same testimony as the engineer.

T. J. Whallan, the conductor, said that the train slowed up as it was coming into the village. He felt the way-car pass over something and looked out and saw the body lying between the rails of the track over which he had passed. He felt of the body and it was warm. He did not know that there was anyone on the train beside the regular crew. No one asked for a ride. Body was doubled up, one leg severed, hand cut off, and other injuries. There was a car of lumber on the train. There were thirty-one cars in the train. The lumber car was about twenty cars from the way-car. There were air brakes on the train, so that the brakemen did not have to go over the train to assist in stopping it.

Joseph Daprock, rear brakeman, said that he noticed the jar. Asked the conductor what it was, and he replied that they must have run over a man. Did not pass over the train; was only on top of way-car. Helped gather up the remains. Elgin Patterson, head brakeman, after train stopped discovered that the conductor signalled for the train to remain still. This was the first stop out from Jackson. Did not pass over the train. It is a common thing to have what they call "blind" passengers on their trains.

F. Raymond, the engineer, was recalled and said that there was a little snow on the track, nice moonlight, and the headlight was burning, and the bell was ringing; whistle blew for crossing. Did not find any marks on the engine.

James VanOrden, the night watch, said that the conductor informed him that they had run over a man west of Chelsea. Got section man and station agent. Recognized the body as that of John Cory. Saw three men in the railroad yard about 10 o'clock that night, but did not know who they were; saw Cory between 9:30 and 9:45, but did not speak to him.

John Lowe, one of Cory's companions, was then sworn, and said that he was in Chelsea, Friday afternoon and evening, in company with John Cory and John Streiter. After the show at the town hall was out they caught a freight train and went to Jackson. Was in Jackson about three quarters of an hour, and then boarded another freight and came back to Chelsea. They were on a flat car which was loaded with lumber, and Cory remained with them until they reached the fair ground, when he got up and went to the back end of the car. Did not watch him so did not see him when he jumped from the train. When the train stopped we got off and looked around, but did not see anything of John. There had been no trouble between us. Did not know that he was killed until Saturday morning. He was in the habit of getting off there and going across to his home. Drank a little in the afternoon before starting for Jackson. Was not intoxicated; had some liquor with us. Cory was sober and all right. We walked from Jackson to the Junction. When we were on the train we faced the east. This was the first time that I rode with him that way.

John Streiter, the other companion, gave substantially the same testimony as

was given by Lowe. Said that they were cold and sleepy when they reached Chelsea.

This ended the testimony, and the jury was but a short time bringing in a verdict that the young man came to his death by being run over by a Michigan Central train.

The funeral was held Tuesday morning at nine o'clock at St. Mary's church, the Rev. W. P. Considine conducting the services.

### AN INTERESTING LETTER.

Written by Rev. J. F. Taylor, a Former Resident Here.

The following interesting letter was read at the Congregational church Sunday morning. It was to have been read at the fiftieth anniversary of the society the week before, but did not arrive in time:

DOUGLAS, Mich., Feb. 18, 1899.

Rev. Brother Jones—Dear Sir:

Your request for a word of reminiscence to the church in Chelsea concerning my pastorate there, calls up many otherwise dormant recollections. It would afford me greater pleasure than I can express to be with you on the twenty-first instant. Although it is now more than thirty years since we left that field of labor, those years of toil and anxiety made an impression which time cannot efface from memory, and the recollections would doubtless come more vividly to tongue or pen could I look upon the assembled friends in their new house of worship.

My first visit to the church in Chelsea was on September 2, 1860. After two weeks' acquaintance, I returned to my home in South Bend, Ind., with the conviction that there was no probability of my going to Chelsea again. The church had been vacant during the summer, with only such supplies as could be secured from time to time. From my standpoint, the church and Sunday-school seemed to be very much scattered and disheartened.

After a few days, a letter came inviting me to make trial of the work for one year. It looked to me like an experiment of doubtful success. More than one-half of the membership lived in the country and could not be expected to attend evening meetings with any regularity. I was perplexed as to the path of duty. The outlook was very much like the "Valley of bones" in Ezekiel's vision, and the question was, "can these bones live?" The only answer that came to mind was "O Lord God, thou knowest." The only encouraging word in the invitation was the unanimity with which the people pledged a very moderate support. The prospect to me was exceedingly hazy, being neither clear nor dark. The circumstances were very much like two persons, on short acquaintance, taking each other for better, for worse, to walk together in the closest friendship and love, only in this church relation a divorce may come without due process of law. As I felt quite sure that the interest expressed in my labors by the church would not be lessened when the people became acquainted with my life companion, the acceptance of the call became a subject of prayerful consideration. Finally we decided, my wife and I—for I never decided such a question alone—that if the trustees could find a house for us to occupy we would cast in our lot with the Chelsea church. The trustees were fortunate in finding a small cottage two blocks east of the church, among neighbors who were always genial and helpful in the highest degree. No creed or contention ever came up between us in thought or action to mar the pleasures of social life.

Thus we began our church work in Chelsea about October 1, 1860. I need not tell the business men of that time that the financial conditions of the country were most unsatisfactory and menaced every business and every industry. In this regard the outlook for success was gloomy in the extreme; but the church rallied and the work went on. The attendance on Sabbath service and Sunday-school increased to their normal condition, with good prospects for a larger growth. As in the human body, so in the family, in the church and in the nation, if one member suffers all the members suffer with it.

In the early days of 1861 a little cloud no bigger than a man's hand made its appearance on the southern horizon. The rumblings of distant thunder had long been heard in the offing. But no one thought the political lightning would strike so near to us or so hard. But the storm came—the storm of war—with its leaden hail and its blighting thunder.

When Fort Sumpter was assailed on April 15th, President Lincoln called for seventy-five thousand volunteers to serve three months. Many responded, only a few were chosen. These were only a drop in the bucket. The war must go on. Three weeks later, on May 4th, the President called for one hundred thousand men to serve during the war. Then the young men in the church, Sunday-school and community began to disappear.

They heard their country's call and went forth to do her service. On July 22d the President called for five hundred thousand more, with additions to the regular army. Seven hundred thousand men, in less than four months, called away from their homes, their work, their churches, made sad inroads into the ranks of every organization. Later on in the war five hundred thousand more men were called into the army. Who were left to the homes, and the farms and the church? The aged and infirm, the women and children. Among the young men that went from Chelsea we remember Charles and David Durand, Irwin Shepard, Reuben Breed, Alton White, Lucian Jones, Edward Negus, and many others. Those were troublous times. There were battles to be fought at home as well as in the army. No one can realize the anxieties and struggles of those days by reading their history. Battle fields and hospitals had their victims, while homes were full of sorrow and mourning for those who could never return for a joyful greeting.

Work for the army through the Christian Commission was the leading employment of ladies' societies and church festivals. Help for the suffering soldiers was the burden of every patriotic heart. Sad messages came too often to leave much room for the joyful recreations of life, and yet there were pleasurable and profitable seasons interspersed all along the journey of associations that culminated in victory. It is well for us that, while memory recalls the facts of sad experiences it cannot reproduce the pain and anguish of blighted hopes and broken hearts.

During those years of national conflict, our church work went on with regularity, and the Sabbath school with marked success. There was no holding back by those who were too young to shoulder a musket, and they often sang with right good will

"I am glad I'm in this army,  
And I'll battle for the right."

But the afflictions of life did not all come through the army. The arrows of death were no less fatal in the homes of comfort than at other times. Some of you will remember Miss Alice Godfrey, who, in the beauty of young womanhood was fatally burned with kerosene, and Mrs. Alma Herd, who, while suffering intense pain, so mysteriously stepped out of life's environments, and Mrs. Wines, who, while crossing the railroad on her way home from school was lacerated and torn by a passing train. The effect of such fatalities coming into the homes of the families of the church can only be fully realized by those who have tried to give consolation to the afflicted. Mortality through the usual forms of disease made many sad inroads into the membership of the church during those years. Among those we call to mind Deacon Warren Davis, Mrs. Elisha Congdon, and later on Mr. Elisha Congdon, also Mrs. Milo Baldwin, and the last service I conducted was the funeral of Grandpa Mahlon Wines.

In the spring of 1866 my health was so impaired that a change or absolute rest became necessary. To this end I resigned on July 1, and Mr. O. C. Thompson of Detroit supplied the pulpit for three months. After visiting Lake Superior on the Steamer Keweenaw, we went east and remained until October. Before our return Mr. Thompson had declined to supply the church any longer, and I was cordially invited to take up the work again, which I did, and remained until October 6, 1867.

During my seven years' residence in Chelsea, I officiated at eighty funerals, forty-six weddings, and served the Jackson association as scribe for two or three years. I presume that some of those who now attend your service will remember me as Superintendent of the Sunday-school during those war times, when they had much to do with Sunday-school concerts. It is a great pleasure to me now to recall their faithfulness in preparing for and carrying on the Sunday-school work. Please communicate to them my regards and good wishes for the present and future, and the same to my old friends and acquaintances, with yourself included. Very truly yours,

JAMES F. TAYLOR.

### Mission at St. Mary's Church.

The exercises of the mission to be given at St. Mary's church, Chelsea, commencing Sunday, March 19th, will be of special interest to all. The Rev. Fathers Klauder and Hogan are among the most eloquent of pulpit orators, and it will be a treat to hear them. Catholics and non-Catholics are cordially invited to all these services. The order of exercises will be as follows: Sunday—10:30 a. m., high mass; opening sermon. 3:00 p. m., opening of children's mission. 7:30 p. m., mass, sermon, benediction of the blessed sacrament. Week days—5:00 a. m., mass; short instruction. 8:30 a. m., mass; sermon. 7:30 p. m., mass, sermon, benediction of the blessed sacrament.

## A Rare Satisfaction

## Which You Can

## Easily Enjoy.

There is a peculiar satisfaction in being thoroughly posted on the various features of our line of

## COFFEE

Come in and we will explain them.

We are still selling the best coffee in Chelsea at.....25c  
Choice coffee.....20c  
Good coffee.....16c  
20 pounds granulated sugar.....\$1.00  
4 pounds Vale & Crane cracker.....25c  
Quart cans strained honey.....35c  
Pint cans strained honey.....20c  
Full cream cheese.....13c pound  
Clover leaf codfish.....10c  
Large sacks Diamond Crystal salt.....20c  
Large bottles catsup.....10c  
Large bottle mustard.....10c  
36 boxes parlor matches.....25c  
Good figs.....8c  
6 pounds choice prunes.....25c  
Good Salmon.....3 cans 25c  
4 cans pumpkins (large size).....25c

Have you seen our

## Wall Paper

Department. Our stock is complete. Let us give you our prices.

## REMEMBER

## WE WANT YOUR EGGS.

Yours for quality and prices.

## FENN & VOGEL BOB SLEIGH

I have on hand several sets of bob sleighs and from now on until the close of winter I will sell them at a very low price. Any one wanting a sleigh now is the time to buy.

## WAGONS AND TOP BUGGIES.

Made to order on short notice, any style wanted. I will have for sale several Buggies and Wagons about March 15th call and see them before buying elsewhere. Call and see them in the white.

Strict Attention given to Repairing in General, and done on short notice.

I solicit a call.

## ADAM FAIST,

Fred Vogel's old shop.

CHELSEA, MICH.

## FARMS FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.

85 acres 6 miles south of Chelsea, 15 of timber, 500 peach and 50 plum trees, 5 years old, new house, good barns.  
65 acres, 4 miles west of Chelsea, 10 acres timber, good peach and apple orchards, good buildings.  
40 acres lays north Cavanaugh lake, comes up to road, no buildings.  
40 acres, lays west of Mike Sullivan's, on the road, no buildings or timber.  
2 acres on west Middle street.  
Good building lots, the best locations in Chelsea.  
4 houses and lots for sale.

## B. PARKER,

CHELSEA LOAN AGENCY  
Office, Durand & Hatch Building.

### TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.

The following is the schedule of teachers' examinations for 1898-99:

Ann Arbor, August 18 and 19, 1898.  
Ypsilanti, October 20 and 21, 1898.  
Ann Arbor, March 30 and 31, 1899.  
Ann Arbor, June 15 and 16, 1899.

W. N. LISTER,  
Commissioner of Schools.



# THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

T. HOOVER, Publisher.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

## SUMMARY OF NEWS.

The failure of the joint high commission to reach an agreement has revived the question in St. Johns whether Newfoundland is not entitled to demand from the British Government the right to negotiate a fisheries treaty with the United States independent of Canada.

Fire destroyed the building and contents of the Palace Clothing Company, one of the largest stores in Topeka, Kan. The loss on building and contents is about \$35,000. The Kellum Book and Stationery Company adjoining suffered a loss of \$15,000, partially covered by insurance.

Four of the crew of the Hamburg-American liner Bulgaria have been landed at Baltimore. They were trying to launch a boat from the disabled steamer during a storm, when it broke adrift and they were picked up by the steamship Victoria. Nothing is known of the fate of the Bulgaria.

Gov. Stanley has signed the bill through which the State Legislature aims to relieve Kansas from the exactions of the binding twine trust. The measure provides for the manufacture of binding twine by convicts in the State penitentiary, and appropriates \$40,000 for installing a plant and \$150,000 to be used as a fund to carry on the enterprise.

The transcontinental fast mail known as the Union Pacific east-bound flyer was wrecked at Wood station, 150 miles west of Cheyenne, Wyo. The accident was caused by a broken rail. The engine and first four cars passed over safely, but the rear sleepers left the track while the train was running a mile a minute. One passenger was killed outright, and five passengers and two trainmen were injured.

Brig. Gen. E. P. Ewers, now in command of a brigade of troops in the department of Santiago, Cuba, has been honorably mustered out of the volunteer army. He is lieutenant colonel of the Ninth infantry, regular army, and will join that regiment, which is under orders to proceed from Madison barracks, New York, to San Francisco, where it will be held in reserve for transportation to the Philippines.

Three hundred Chinamen who have been sent from China like slaves to Mexico to work on the Mexican Central Railway tried to escape at Montreal, Que. They made a determined rush with their sticks for the five railway station guards, while others started to break the windows. They yelled like maniacs. A general riot alarm was turned in and it took six wagon loads of police to subdue the Chinamen.

In an explosion and fire at Hartford City, Ind., four persons perished and \$40,000 worth of property was wrecked. A night policeman discovered fire in the rear of the Dick building and hastened to investigate. Just as he turned the corner into the alley there was a terrific explosion, which lifted the third floor of the building several feet and dropped it down on the second. Flames enveloped the Dick, the Williams and the Mason buildings. Four charred bodies were taken from the ruins. It is supposed the explosion was caused by escaping gas.

In one of the most disastrous fires that has visited the union stock yards in Chicago for years one fireman was killed outright, two others were probably fatally hurt, and a fourth sustained severe injuries as a result of falling walls, while property valued at \$200,000 was reduced to ashes. The fire started in the ham and smoke house of Swift & Co., in the very center of the packing-house district. The building was totally destroyed, the flames being so furious at times as to get beyond the control of the fire department, and threatening to consume millions of dollars' worth of property.

A letter from a well-known sportsman named Ljalen is published in the Siberian Advertiser. It says: "I hasten to inform you that Andre's balloon has been found. I was running in snowshoes over elks in the primeval forests of South Yemsel and came across traces of Andre. It was 350 versts (234 miles) from Krasnoyarsk and 100 versts (67 miles) from the gold washings in San Vinich, down in the pit of the river. The balloon and ropes were torn and three bodies lay at its sides, one with a broken skull. Please prepare assistance so the balloon and bodies can be brought to the washings at San Vinich, which can only be done by means of snowshoes. I guarantee the truth of these facts and shall soon be in Tomsk."

## BREVITIES.

At Columbus, Ohio, Alonzo B. Colt has resigned as colonel of the Fourth regiment.

At Newark, Ohio, Miss Ethel Smoke sued William Emswiler for \$10,000 for breach of promise.

William Reid was hanged in Jersey City for the murder of Andrew Henry in Hoboken on May 14, 1898.

Judge T. A. Hurd, aged 80 years, died of heart failure while sitting in his chair at his residence in Leavenworth, Kan.

Lady Curzon, wife of the Viceroy of India and daughter of L. Z. Leiter of Chicago, has been decorated with the Imperial Order of the Crown of India.

At Toledo, Ohio, Isaac S. Smead, the furnace manufacturer, who recently failed for \$1,500,000, was discharged by the court. None of his creditors got a cent.

Two contributions to the conscience fund were received by the United States treasury the other day. One was 11 cents and the other 90 cents in Canadian fractional currency.

Mrs. Edith Poppleton, aged 29, supervisor of nurses at the Baptist hospital at St. Louis, died of pneumonia. She was the daughter of Brig. Gen. Samuel B. Holabird, U. S. A., retired.

At Hernando, Miss., Robert Campbell, a deputy sheriff, shot and killed Louis Norvell, white, in the courthouse when court was in session. Norvell was aged 23.

Simon Dessan, once known as "the carbon king," who has lately been a theatrical manager, has filed a petition in bankruptcy in New York. Liabilities \$245,000; assets none.

It is announced that the survey of the United States ship Topeka has been completed, and that it will cost \$25,000 to put her in good trim. Of this amount \$18,000 will be needed for structural work and \$5,000 for boilers.

## EASTERN.

Capt. James Mackenzie, one of the oldest lake captains in Buffalo, N. Y., died suddenly of heart disease.

Lansom, Wolfe & Co., Boston publishers, have failed. No statement of the assets and liabilities is obtainable.

Articles of incorporation have been filed at Trenton, N. J., for the American Cereal Company, with a capital stock of \$33,000,000.

"Collette," a French historical comedy, was given a successful first production in this country by Julia Marlowe at the Broad Street Theater, Philadelphia.

At Philadelphia, Pa., the St. John Roman Catholic Church has been ruined by fire and water. The parochial residence adjoining the church was destroyed.

George B. M. Harvey has bought the North American Review at New York from Lloyd S. Bryce and David A. Monroe. The price is reported to be \$225,000.

The Niagara Falls and Lewiston Railroad Company, otherwise known as the George road, has gone into the hands of a receiver. The company will be reorganized.

At Easton, Pa., Prof. Stephens, who has been on trial for a week past, charged with setting fire to Pardee Hall, Lafayette College, was found guilty, the jury being out only an hour.

Albert Heysler, who murdered his wife and stepdaughter, died at his home in Burkettsville, Mo., from the effects of the Paris green he had taken with suicidal intent. He never regained consciousness.

Grief killed Alfred McVeigh as he gazed at the face of his dead mother resting in her coffin in the parlor of his home in Brooklyn, N. Y. He pressed his lips to the cold forehead and fell upon the coffin dead.

The floating grain elevator Columbia, valued at \$200,000, was burned to the water's edge and is now lying a total loss on the Hoboken, N. J., flats. She was owned by the International Grain Elevator Company.

Luther Chapin, founder of the senior order of United American Mechanics, died at his home in Philadelphia. He was 83 years old. His organization of the first lodge followed the native American riots in 1844.

At New Brighton, Pa., the opera house block, together with Marshall's dry goods store, Stucker's drug store, Carr's shoe store, the Daily News, Schrupp's drug store and the National Guard armory, were burned. Loss \$85,000.

While about a dozen firemen were at work in the ruins of the store of the Emerson Shoe Company in Philadelphia, which was burned out, a mass of iron and stone crashed down from the upper floors, burying the men beneath it. Three of the firemen were killed.

## WESTERN.

John W. Eastman died at Minneapolis, Minn., of paralysis of the heart, aged 78 years.

Another rich vein of gold ore is reported to have been found in the Isabella mine at Cripple Creek.

Fire wiped out the business portion of Hunnewell, Kan. Ten buildings, with their contents, were burned.

A snowslide near Ophir, Colo., destroyed the Caribou concentrating mill and killed J. C. Vardel, the foreman.

Advices from Northern Nebraska indicate that the winter wheat crop has been badly damaged by the recent cold snap.

At Toledo, Ohio, Mrs. George R. Lucas, aged 22 years, died from the effects of strychnine poisoning. Her husband says it was an accident.

Horace A. Taylor of Wisconsin has been confirmed as assistant Secretary of the Treasury and Col. Marcus P. Miller as brigadier general.

Refunding bonds issued by Tiffin, Ohio, to the amount of \$40,000 were sold to Briggs, Todd & Co. of Cincinnati for a premium of \$2,668.

The Highland Boy mine of Bingham, Utah, has been sold to capitalists in the Standard Oil Company for a sum approximating \$4,000,000.

At Independence, Mo., Mack Oldham, a negro teamster, shot and killed Ida Fields, a mulatto, then committed suicide. Jealousy was the cause.

The initial production of Max O'Rell's new play, "The Price of Wealth," was successfully given in the Detroit Opera House, with Olga Nethersole as star.

Rev. Alfred Lee Brewer, a prominent Episcopal clergyman and founder of St. Matthew's school for boys, died at San Mateo, Cal., of pneumonia. He was 55 years of age.

Ethan Allen Hitchcock of Missouri, recently United States ambassador to Russia, has taken the prescribed oath and entered upon his duties as Secretary of the Interior in Washington.

At Jefferson City, Mo., the Supreme Court affirmed the sentences of E. B. Soper, James Reid and William Burns, condemned for murder, and fixed the date of their execution for March 30 next.

Gov. Lind of Minnesota vetoed the bill appropriating \$20,000 to pay bounties on beet sugar, in accordance with the county law passed two years ago. He announced himself as opposed to bounties on principle.

J. A. Acklen, of Los Angeles, Cal., has been granted the privilege of maintaining a waterworks at Dawson City by the Canadian Government. He will tap the Klondike river four miles above Dawson.

Ed Dawson, colored, known as "Fitzsimmons," and sentenced to fifty years in the penitentiary for murder, who escaped from the county jail at Wichita with seven others, was recaptured at Stafford, Kan.

Upon being refused admission to St. Andrew's Roman Catholic Church in Tecumseh, Neb., of which he had been appointed pastor, Rev. Frederick Sperlein secured an ax, broke down the door and took possession.

The Emma furnace, the only one now owned by the Union Rolling Mill Company of Cleveland, Ohio, has been absorbed by the American Steel and Wire Company. The consideration is not made public.

W. H. Gresham, a nephew of the late Walter Q. Gresham, who is a clerk in the St. Peter, Minn., postoffice, captured a burglar who was in the act of breaking into the postoffice and marched him to a police station.

At Joplin, Mo., a deal was closed involving \$2,000,000. By it all of the Lanyon zinc smelters in the Kansas coal belt and natural gas belt pass into the hands of ex-Gov. Flower and other New York capitalists and become a part of the smelter trust.

A Salina, Kan., man, whose name is withheld, has entered into an agreement with the Kansas Wesleyan University to endow that institution with \$100,000. He offers to give the money in 1900, providing that at that time the university is free from debt and that it adds \$25,000 to the endowment.

The residence of the late Calvin S. Brice, at Lima, Ohio, was robbed during the absence of Mrs. Melly, mother of Mrs. Brice. Every room was ransacked, doors smashed in and much damage was done. The robbers were evidently in search of the valuables shipped from New York after the death of Mr. Brice.

Three highwaymen terrorized Broadway, between Clark avenue and Gratiot street, in the business district of St. Louis, and almost disrupted street car traffic. The trio held up nine cars on the Broadway cable line. They were armed with revolvers and more than twenty shots were fired by them and conductors and gripmen.

The agent of the Adams Express Company at Baldwin, Ohio, upon instructions from the company, opened a box that had lain in the office undelivered for eleven months, to find that it contained a human body. The box was addressed to Dr. Emrick, who has not lived in Baldwin for a dozen years, and with whom communication has been lost.

Crackmen gained an entrance to the vault of the Oberlin, Ohio, Banking Company between midnight and 3 o'clock the other morning. The robbers connected the trolley wire of the Cleveland, Berea, Elyria and Ohio Electric road, which runs directly past the bank, to a drill machine to operate on the outside door of the vault. After forcing this door they inserted a big charge of powder and blew the interior of the vault into a thousand pieces.

The walls on all sides were badly shattered, plaster was torn off and the vault doors were blown over twenty feet out of their settings. However, no money was secured, as the robbers failed to get into the big safe, evidently for lack of time. The papers and books inside the vault were damaged beyond redemption.

## SOUTHERN.

The steamer Fairplay, plying between White House, Ky., and Sandy River points, was sunk by ice at Catlettsburg, Ky. Total loss, \$40,000; insurance \$20,000.

Fire at Stamping Ground, Ky., destroyed G. G. Carl & Co.'s furniture store, George Duval's grocery, the large warehouse of A. Ford, Dr. C. Lewis' drug store, and the postoffice.

A premature explosion of dynamite in entry No. 13, mine No. 2, at Hockton, Ala., killed R. L. and W. W. Davenport, white miners, and Robert Cureton, Mark Dooley and Joseph Carpenter, colored.

Judge John W. Barr, Kentucky United States Court, has sent his resignation to President McKinley, on account of ill health and old age. He has served nearly twenty years, and is entitled to retire on full pay, \$5,000 a year.

Dr. Thomas J. Buffington, aged 78 years, and Miss Fannie Conrad, aged 17, both of Baton Rouge, were married at New Orleans. Dr. Buffington has been married twice before, both his former wives being aunts of the present bride.

The residence of Douglas Sherry, the former leader of Louisville's fashionable set, was damaged by fire to the extent of about \$12,000. The residence and furnishings, which were very costly, Mr. Sherry being a collector of rare bric-a-brac, were fully covered by insurance.

The assignment of J. W. Warren & Co., wholesale liquor dealers, to Ben P. Pointz caused a sensation in business circles at Maysville, Ky. The liabilities are placed at from \$75,000 to \$100,000, with assets less than half as much. A recent fire with insufficient insurance and slow collections are the causes of the embarrassment.

## WASHINGTON.

The President has nominated Ernest P. Goodrich of Michigan, Leonard M. Cox of Kentucky and Alfred C. Lowenowicz of Michigan to be civil engineers in the navy.

Brig. Gen. Miller will be relieved from command of the troops in Haiti before his retirement, and Maj. Gen. Lawton will in all probability be assigned to succeed him.

Admiral Schley has furnished a statement to the Senate Naval Committee in which he declares that Admiral Sampson's criticism of his delay in locating Cervera's fleet at Santiago is unjust.

The President has issued proclamations setting aside the following forest reserves: Teabuco, Canyon, California, 100,920 acres; Fish Lake, Utah, 67,840 acres; Gallatin, Montana, 40,330 acres.

In regard to the order of the Navy Department prohibiting the sale of beer on ships of the navy, Secretary Long in an interview at Boston said that the order was issued principally for the protection of the apprentice boys in the service and to remove temptation from the men.

A decision of considerable general interest has been delivered by the United States Supreme Court. With three justices dissenting the court held that a State has the power to compel a railroad to stop trains at certain cities prescribed by State statute. The case was brought against the Michigan Central Railroad Company by the State of Ohio, which had passed a law providing that if the railroad ran three trains a day through certain towns they should be compelled to stop for passengers. The railroad contended that this was interference in interstate commerce. Justice Harlan, delivering the majority opinion, said a contrary ruling would enable the railroads to build up the great cities of the East and West at the expense of the small places on the way.

## FOREIGN.

A serious conflict has taken place between the Russians and Chinese at Talienvan, 300 of the latter being killed. The fighting originated over a question of taxes.

The London Standard's Berlin correspondent says that no request from America for the recall of the German officials in Samoa has been received in Berlin, and that none is expected.

An express train from Calais, having passengers from London on board, collided with a stationary train at Foret, near Brussels. Twenty-one persons were killed outright and 100 were more or less injured.

It has been decided at a Spanish cabinet council to liberate the Filipinos who have been deported to the Caroline and Ladrones Islands, in order to influence the

Pilipinos to release the Spaniards they hold prisoners.

El Comercio de Havana publishes a long article calling upon Cubans and Spaniards to unite against the Americans, who, it says, are "grasping all the possibilities of the island, to the exclusion of the natives."

The Sultan of Oman has revoked the grant of a coaling station to the French, under the British admiral's threats of a bombardment. The British warships Eclipse, Sphinx and Redoubt are lying off the port of Muscat.

Francis H. Bawo, head of the great china and glass exporting house of Bawo & Dotter of New York, is dead, in Germany, aged 65 years, of apoplexy. His personal acquaintance throughout the United States was very large.

E. C. Cotton, minister of finance for British Columbia, has submitted his budget to the Legislature. The budget shows a deficit of \$447,723 and estimates that the new government has to start with a balance on the wrong side of \$100,000.

It is officially announced at Ciudad Juarez, Chihuahua, that the Mexican Government has decided to offer a big subsidy for a railroad across the Sierra Madre range from Chihuahua, on the State of Chihuahua, to Huasopa, on the Sonora line. This line will save from four to five weeks in getting troops across the mountains and incidentally prove a great blessing to American prospectors who have located large deposits of precious minerals.

## IN GENERAL.

The United States refrigerator steamer Celtic sailed from San Francisco for Manila via Honolulu. She carried a large amount of supplies for the United States forces.

Options have been secured on the leading smelter plants of the country, according to a Wall Street report, preliminary to forming a trust with a capital of \$50,000,000.

A Boston Journal reporter who was "shanghaied" while drunk at New York, and deserted his ship at Shanghai, is said to have been made sub-royal of one of the Caroline islands by King O'Keefe.

The Continental Tobacco Company dropped a bomb into the camp of the independent tobacco factories, when it purchased \$138,303 worth of revenue stamps. This is an unprecedented sale of stamps.

The steamer Olympia, about to sail from Tacoma for Manila, has an unusual cargo in the form of 350,000 American-made cigarettes. The paper used in the wrappers came from China. At Manila there are all kinds of tobacco and all kinds of cigarettes except American.

The Anglo-American commission has agreed upon the establishment of a permanent international court or tribunal, similar to the interstate commerce commission, for the adjustment of disputes that may arise from time to time affecting commerce and transportation between the United States and Canada.

The annual conference of the National Association of American Rabbits, which was to have met March 13 at Boston has been transferred to Cincinnati of the same date. It will continue one week. This change was made because the birthday anniversary of Rabbi Wise of Cincinnati, its president, falls on March 14.

Engineer J. T. Jones has returned to Juneau from a surveying trip over the Taku trail to the Atlin district. He surveyed the site of a new town, which will be called Taku. It is advantageously located on Taku bay, four miles above the mouth of the Taku river, about twenty-five miles from Juneau, and is expected to become the ocean terminus of a railroad in which Eastern capitalists are interested. This road is to traverse the Atlin mining district and will extend to Teslin on the route to the Klondike country.

Bradstreet's says: "Following the long continued cold wave, eliminating in heavy snow and sleet storms and inclement weather generally throughout nearly all sections of the country, come reports of reviving spring trade and of efforts to ascertain the extent to which material interests have suffered. All things considered, the damage so far indicated, while serious in some sections, has proved less than might have been expected in view of the severity of the visitation. Exception is, of course, made in the case of the winter wheat crop, from which trustworthy reports as to damage are not forthcoming at this early period of the year. From the South come reports of more serious damage, particularly to the growing fruit and vegetable crops. Even here, however, permanent damage, aside from the reported loss of the unpicked cotton, seems to be centered in the States of Georgia, Florida and Louisiana."

## THE MARKETS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$6.25; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2, red, 73c to 74c; corn, No. 2, 35c to 37c; oats, No. 2, 27c to 28c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 56c; butter, choice creamery, 21c to 22c; eggs, fresh, 20c to 23c; potatoes, choice, 35c to 45c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, choice light, \$2.75 to \$4.00; sheep, common to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, red, 69c to 71c; corn, No. 2, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2, 26c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 54c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$6.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 74c to 76c; corn, No. 2, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2, 26c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 54c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 74c to 76c; corn, No. 2, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2, 26c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 54c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 74c to 76c; corn, No. 2, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2, 26c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 54c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2, mixed, 72c to 73c; corn, No. 2, mixed, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2, 26c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 54c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2, spring, 71c to 72c; corn, No. 3, 31c to 33c; oats, No. 2, 26c to 27c; rye, No. 1, 56c to 57c; No. 2, 54c to 55c; pork, mess, \$9.25 to \$9.75.

Buffalo—Cattle, good shipping steers, \$3.00 to \$4.00; hogs, common to choice, \$3.25 to \$4.25; sheep, fair to choice, with extra, \$4.50 to \$5.25.

New York—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$6.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2, red, 84c to 85c; corn, No. 2, 42c to 45c; oats, No. 2, white, 36c to 38c; butter, creamery, 16c to 23c; eggs, Western, 23c to 24c.



# PULSE of the PRESS

Ratification of the Treaty.  
The treaty establishes no policy concerning the Philippines.—New York Tribune.

The outbreak of the insurgents at Manila has harmed their cause immeasurably.—Cleveland Leader.

The long delay in ratifying had something to do with encouraging the attack of the Filipinos on our forces at Manila.—Buffalo Express.

The situation in the Philippines is now our own affair, and both houses of Congress will have to legislate upon it.—New Orleans Picayune.

Although the treaty has been ratified, it does not follow by any means that the imperialistic principle will ever go into effect.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The treaty does not prescribe any policy for the United States in respect to the government of the Philippines. That is a matter for the determination of Congress.—Omaha Bee.

What neither party spirit nor executive influence has been able to secure, the followers of Aguinaldo accomplished by their wanton act of incredible folly in attacking our soldiers.—New York World.

Now we can keep our promises to Spain solemnly made. Now we can keep our promises to the balance of the nations having citizens and interests in the Philippines.—Nashville American.

So far as the Philippines are concerned the ratification of the treaty is the beginning of a new epoch. American ideas will find a lodgment in that distant locality, and they will leave the whole lump.—New York Herald.

The American people would have been much more likely to have granted the Filipinos their independence had the latter awaited the ratification and then pleaded their cause without a resort to arms.—Rockford Republican Register.

France Rises to the Occasion.  
M. Loubet's election is the final rebuke to military and civil intolerance as exhibited in connection with the Dreyfus case.—New York World.

France has rounded another dangerous point in her political history, and the war has been done quickly, easily and quietly. That is surely a good sign.—Cleveland Leader.

M. Loubet will be much like our American Presidents—plain men from a country district, whose failure every one predicts and whose success history always records.—Philadelphia Press.

The quiet, well-balanced manner in which France has elected a President under circumstances which warranted no little anxiety and excitement, speaks well for the republic.—Minneapolis Times.

Both the character of the man and the manner of his election are significant of greater firmness and solidity in the dominant party in the republic than recent events had indicated.—New York Times.

Bloodshed at Manila.  
Our forbearance has been mistaken for timidity.—Hartford Courant.

The fate of the treaty was in doubt until the commission of this crime against civilization.—Chicago Tribune.

If there had been no delay or opposition to the treaty there would have been no trouble of Saturday and Sunday's sort at Manila.—Utica Press.

Nothing that could have been done by the Filipinos will so weaken their cause in the United States as an attack on the American flag.—Buffalo Courier.

The Filipinos undoubtedly suffered severely, and it is to be hoped that the costly lesson which they have received in regard to the superiority of our arms will make a lasting impression on Aguinaldo and the followers whom he has deluded.—Boston Herald.

## Emile Loubet.



The newly elected president of the French Republic.

## MORE REBELS ARE KILLED.

General King's Men Charge and Drive Enemy Back to Sea.

Early Tuesday morning the Filipino insurgents, with shout and bugle call, opened fire at long range on Anderson's left. The sharpshooters across the river made the headquarters at Macati a hot place, but there was no one wounded. The enemy were concentrating all day at the water works and in front of King's brigade.

They finally became so nagging in front of King's position that the general sent two companies of the First Washington infantry over the Pasig river. They swept the country for two miles and then swung over to the river bank, opposite the insurgent trenches, facing the American position at Macati, and opened a flank fire on the insurgents across the river. The two guns of the Sixth artillery, under Lieut. Scott, at Macati, pounded the insurgent position, while the troops from Macati charged and drove the enemy before them. Fifteen Filipino dead were found and four wounded. Two American soldiers were wounded by the explosion of Springfield rifles.

In the past few weeks the Red Cross has been like a red flag to the insurgents. Chaplain Pierce of MacArthur's staff certifies that he has been shot at by sharpshooters fifty times in the provisional hospital. Not an ambulance or a litter case, which was not the signal for a shower of bullets. The surgeons of the hospital corps, who were giving aid to the Filipinos as well as to the American wounded, were a target for the sharpshooters. A wounded man who was being carried from the field was killed by insurgents concealed in a tree. The Red Cross people are now armed.





# Mr. Lady's Etiquette

CHAPTER XII.—(Continued.)

So it comes to pass that on this morning, when a letter from an almost unknown correspondent lies in her hands, Jane sees the opportunity of at last paying off some of the debt she owes her unconscious rival, and grasps at it with the unscrupulous meanness of a jealous nature.

It is as follows:

"My Dear Miss Croft—I dare say you will hardly remember me, and, even if you do, will marvel why I should write to you. But, when we met a year ago at Llewellyn Hall—I as a guest of Miss Llewellyn, you as a daily visitor during the skating season—I learned that you were staying at Llewellyn House; and this fact has occurred to my mind in a season of great perplexity. I have just learned from my cousin, Mr. Charteris, that a young lady, who is connected with a horrible scandal here, and is at that school as a governess, has come there, and under what circumstances, I am anxious to prevent his entangling himself with a girl who is not likely to be scrupulous in such a matter. I therefore throw myself upon your kindness and discretion to enlighten me."

"Faithfully yours,"

"PAULINE RAY."

The same morning that brings this letter to Jane Croft and lays the train for a base and dastardly plot in her revengeful mind, brings flashing along the wires from the West of England to the South of Wales a message for Denzil Charteris.

"From Mrs. Peters, Beechampton, to Denzil Charteris—Come at once. She is dying, but quite sane now. She has some terrible secret to confess, which she will tell no one but you."

He says nothing; he only folds up the paper and puts it into his pocket, and then takes his way back through the garden paths into the house.

He goes straight to the old rectory in his study and says abruptly:

"I must leave to-day. When does the next train go?"

"My dear Charteris," exclaims the rector, "he has known him since boyhood, and knows, too, the secrets and shadows of that troubled past—what is it? No bad news, I hope?"

"She is dying," he answers, quietly. "Peters has telegraphed. I must go back at once."

"Thank heaven, Denzil, the burden may be lifted from your heart at last. You will be a freer and a happier man. Have you told Miss Mervyn anything about this?"

"No," replies Denzil sternly; "I could not. It was too late for her ears. Thank heaven, the necessity of such a confession is over now."

CHAPTER XIII.

In the late dusky afternoon a man hurries through the woods which lead to Beechampton Castle.

With the tread of one well accustomed to the deserted ways, he threads the moss-grown paths, till reaching a door he opens it, and finds himself in the room to which Yolande had once penetrated in her exploration of the ruins. He goes straight up to the spot in the walls, and, touching what seems to be a small iron knob, a panel immediately opens and reveals another room. It is small, but comfortably furnished. A fire burns in a tiny grate, beside which a woman kneels, stirring something in an iron saucepan.

"You have come, sir. I am glad of it," she says, quietly.

"Yes. I got your telegram only yesterday. Am I in time?"

"Yes," she says, looking up curiously at his face. "You would like to see her now, I suppose? You must be prepared for a great change."

He makes no answer, and she takes the light and quickly leads the way to another room, which is entered in the same secret way as that which they are just leaving.

It is furnished as a bedroom, and, propped up by pillows, on the curtained bed is the wasted, death-marked figure of a woman. Her hands are worn to skin and bone; the long, sharp fingers clutch nervously and continuously at the coverlet.

Her face is so ghastly and terrible that it is little wonder if Denzil Charteris shudders as he looks on his marred and pallid outlines, remembering what it was once.

"You know me, Althea?" he says.

"Denzil!" she cries; and over all the death-like pallor of her face a faint warm glow flushes, like the hue of a faded rose-leaf. "Denzil, I am glad to see you before I die; the end will not be long now."

Her voice is very weak; the sentences flutter forth only in faint, disjointed breaths.

"She has told me all," she goes on presently, pointing to the nurse, who gives her some cordial to revive her—"all your goodness—and the burden you have borne. I cannot thank you; I can only pray heaven may atone for the sufferings and shame I have brought upon your head—your name—your life. How you have kept my secret—I cannot tell. Even in my worst moments—the thought that I was still here—that I was not shut up with others mad—and morbid—as myself—never left me. Since that day—when you found me bending over the beautiful girl whom I so terrified—I have known—and thought—more than you imagine, I

that Denzil makes the first move in the next part of this strange game of fate which has associated him with the tragedy of murder and death.

Knowing Lance Stapleton's interest in the matter, he draws him aside, and tells him of Althea's confession.

"But how came she there?" is the natural question that follows. "I thought she was abroad."

"Not then," answers Denzil; "she was staying in this neighborhood."

"But why did she not speak at the time—more especially when there was such a hue and cry after you?"

"She knew nothing of that; she was too ill," replies Denzil. "She confessed before Dr. Deane and myself that she was so terrified at what she had seen she dared not speak of it. Besides, she did not wish any one to know where she was."

"I'll tell you what I'll do," says Lance, eagerly. "I'll take this to Mr. Herrick, the lawyer. He has taken a great interest in the matter, and, if any one can get at the root of it, he is the man. He always said there was something suspicious in the way Budd tried to fasten it on to Yolande."

Half an hour later the two cousins are sitting in the warm firelit library together. Pauline, resting in a low velvet cushioned chair, her hand playing lazily with the teaspoon in her cup, her eyes turned towards the dark, eager face of her companion as he stands leaning against the mantelpiece.

Presently she withdraws her handkerchief from her pocket, and in doing so lets fall a letter that flutters on to the thick, soft carpet and lies there, a speck of white on its dark coloring.

"I really must go and dress for dinner," she says. "And mamma will be wondering what has become of me all this long afternoon."

"Is it really dressing time already?" asks Denzil, in surprise, as he opens the door for her. "I could not have believed it."

The first thing his eyes rest on is the letter. He stoops and picks it up. It has no envelope, and the flames, flickering up brightly and suddenly for one brief moment, show him one word that sets every pulse beating with mad, wild ecstasy. It is "Yolande." With a strong effort he resists the temptation so subtly thrown in his way. He crushes the letter in his hand, and with steady, resolute step crosses the floor. As he opens the door he sees his cousin hurrying towards him, her face eager and anxious, her eyes fixed intently on his face.

"Denzil," she says, in a voice of strange agitation, "did I drop a letter in the library just now?"

"I was just going to return it to you," he answers, drawing back a pace or two into the room. "Here it is."

She takes it eagerly from his hand; yet he wonders why she follows his backward step and closes the door, thus leaving them both in the same room once more.

"You did not—But there—I am foolish to ask. Of course you would not do such a thing."

"I did not look at it. Is that what you mean?" he says, coldly.

"Oh, Denzil, you know I could not mean that," she exclaims. "It was only your happiness I was considering. I was so dreadfully afraid you might have seen or learned—oh, what am I saying?"

"I should like to know what you mean by it, at all events," says Denzil, very sternly. "In what way does that letter concern my happiness?"

"Do not ask me," she cries, passionately. "You would never thank me for opening your eyes. No, Denzil, go blindly on to the end. It is not for me to say a word that will shatter your fool's paradise."

"Pauline," he says, his voice cold and hard, "you have said too much or too little. I insist upon knowing what you mean. If you have guessed my secret—"

"Guessed it?" she interrupts hastily. "Oh, Denzil, longer than you have known it yourself! I know of your love for Yolande Mervyn! It is for that reason I will say no word now. You will hate me because I tell you what all who know this girl know, that she is too thorough a coquette to be content with only one slave, even though he gives her such a heart as yours."

And ere he can quite fathom the meaning of her strange words and looks she has gone.

(To be continued.)

Not in His Line.

One of the penalties of eminent success in life is that the fortunate person is besieged by numberless appeals for assistance—from needy ones who have no claim upon him other than that of charity, considered in its altruistic sense. To heed all these appeals would take nearly all one's time, to say nothing of one's money, and as a rule they come from the undeserving.

A distinguished musician was waited upon one day in his study by a rather seedy-looking stranger, who said to him, with what seemed to be genuine emotion:

"May a humble brother musician claim your sympathy for one moment? I don't ask you to give me anything, but will you lend me a dollar or two? You can command ten dollars a lesson, or as much more as you choose to ask, while I think myself fortunate if I can get a pupil now and then at a half-dollar a sitting."

"My friend," said the other, touched by this appeal, "perhaps I can help you better than by lending you money. What is your branch of music?"

"I give lessons on the violin."

"Well, we will see what you can do. Here is a violin. I will sit down to the piano, and we will play a duet."

He whipped a fine violin out of its case, handed it to the stranger, seated himself at the piano, and placed a sheet of music before him.

The caller raised the bow across the strings, leaned forward, looked at the composition, and shook his head.

"Sharps?" he said. "Sharps? I never play in sharps!"

The distinguished musician took the violin from him, replaced it in its case, and coldly remarked:

"My friend, what you need is a job as night watchman in a soap factory."

"Will you get it for me?" eagerly asked the caller.

Darwin's "Origin of Species" was evolved by the philosopher when he had reached his half-century and his "Descent of Man" when twelve years older.

## RUSSIANS AND CHINESE AT WAR

Collision Said to Have Been Caused by a Question of Taxes.

A dispatch from Peking states that a conflict occurred between the Russians and Chinese at Taitienwan. About 100 Chinese are reported to have been killed. A question of taxes is said to have led to the collision. Another account of the collision at Taitienwan says that 300 Chinese were killed by the Russians.

The reported conflict between Russians and Chinese at Taitienwan is believed to be fraught with possibilities of fresh troubles between England and Russia. Of late Russian re-enforcements have been pouring into the garrisons at Taitienwan and Port Arthur, ostensibly because the natives are growing restless. England, who is ensconced just across the Straits of Pechili, at Wei-Hai-Wei, has viewed with jealous eyes the Russian occupation in the Liao-Tung peninsula. It is not unreasonable to expect that England will make the killing of Chinese a ground for breaking up the pleasant Russian-Chinese relations.

Russia occupied Taitienwan something over a year ago, shortly after the occupation of Port Arthur. These moves of Russia caused great excitement in England, and at one time seemed about to result in war between the two countries. In the end, however, the British Government contented itself with occupying Wei-Hai-Wei, when Japan gave up that port, which had been held as security for the payment by China of the war indemnity. There have at various times been reports of friction between the Russians and Chinese in that region, through which Russia is now building the Manchurian extension of the Siberian Railway.

PARIS MOBS BATTLE.

Opponents and Friends of Loubet in Combat.

France is in an uproar over the election of President Loubet and the demonstrations of the anti-Dreyfus party in Paris are carried on with great vigor. Fighting is continually going on between the friends and enemies of the new president, and the police force has been more than doubled, and is making arrests wholesale.

Although Loubet is not known to ever have expressed an opinion in the matter, it is generally understood that he is a friend of Dreyfus, and the purpose of the demonstrations against him is to force him to resign, as was done in the case of Cassimir Perier. The anti-revisionists threw rocks through the windows of the Rothschild's office, and the friends of Dreyfus retaliated by wrecking the office of the Petit Journal. Once in a while detachments of the opposing factions came together, and broken heads resulted.

In the midst of all the excitement the fears for the safety of the republic are subsiding somewhat. The Duke of Orleans has given up hope of anything favorable happening to him, and has left Turin for Milan, where he expects to meet a delegation from St. Gaudens. Agents of the French police are watching him. In receiving a committee from France at Turin, the duke delivered a violent speech, in which he declared that Loubet would be the last president of the republic and predicted the early restoration of a monarchy.

TO HANG FOR BURGLARY.

A Bill to That Effect Introduced into the Illinois Legislature.

A bill has been presented in the Illinois Legislature by Representative George H. Harris of Chicago fixing the penalty for burglary of a dwelling at death. It was announced that another bill would fix the same penalty for highway robbery.

"In the course of my duties," said Chicago's Chief of Police Kiple, speaking of the bill, "I have talked with many of the most dangerous burglars in the country. One after another has told me that if, while he were looting a house, the owner should awaken, he would shoot him. I know there would be much criticism of this law, but I believe it would have beneficial results and accomplish what capital punishment strives at—the prevention of much murder."

Police Inspector John D. Shea says the law as it now stands is sufficiently severe if the courts would impose the limits of it.

Attorney William R. Belham, who drafted the amendments to the criminal code, said:

"I believe in hanging the fellow who breaks into a dwelling, fully armed and ready to do murder if any one should try to catch him or block his escape. I believe in just one punishment, and that strong enough to be effective. So far as the intent is concerned, these men are murderers, and should be treated as such."

PEACHES ARE RUINED.

Oranges and Pineapples Also Said to Be Badly Damaged.

Reports from the fruit section of Michigan, Georgia and Florida show that the recent cold snap has played havoc with fruit generally, and especially with peaches. Chicago commission merchants say the Michigan fruit crop is killed, and prices next year are likely to be higher than for a decade past. How much the Florida orange crop has been damaged remains to be seen, but it is believed the frost has ruined many of the trees. Florida's pineapple crop will only be a fractional one. Young orange trees have been destroyed, as also the new growth on the old trees, but the opinion is that the old groves have not been seriously injured by the extremely cold weather.

Told in a Few Lines.

An anti-cartoon bill has been passed by the House of the California Legislature. Six cases of yellow fever have developed in the 202d New York regiment at Guantajay, Cuba.

The Bruce meteorite, which weighs over four tons, is now on its way from Australia to the British Museum.

The question of bounties for officers and sailors who destroyed the Spanish fleet will be referred to the United States court of claims.

The Commercial Congress, to meet at Wichita, Kan., in May, will invite Presidents Dole of Hawaii and Aguinaldo of the Philippines to attend as territorial delegates.

A beautiful red fox suddenly appeared in the streets of West Roxbury, Mass., in broad daylight, and was immediately pursued by dogs and men, but he far out-ran them all and escaped.

The opinion first expressed by Schiaparelli that certain lines visible on Mars are canals is now opposed by another Italian astronomer, Dr. Cerulli, who declares the whole thing an optical delusion.

## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

INTERESTING AND INSTRUCTIVE LESSON.

Reflections of an Elevating Character—Wholesome Food for Thought—Studying the Scriptural Lesson Intelligently and Profitably.

Lesson for March 5.

Golden Text.—"If the Son therefore shall make you free, ye shall be free indeed."—John 8: 36.

This lesson, "Christ Freeing from Sin," is found in John 8: 12, 31-36. The present lesson follows closely upon the last. That it will be remembered, was a part of a discourse in the temple at the feast of tabernacles. The words of Jesus aroused much opposition among the priests and the Pharisees, and the Sanhedrin considered his case; Nicodemus being the only one who dared to speak for the accused. His discourse was continued, after an interval, and he spoke of the light of the world—with an allusion, perhaps, to the great candleabra of the temple which had been lighted each evening during the foregoing feast. Then followed a discussion between him and the Pharisees, concerning his authority and his relation to God. He repeated his mysterious saying, "Whither I go, ye cannot come." This of course puzzled the Pharisees, but their perplexity was not relieved. Jesus continued to speak, in a brief, almost enigmatis style (vs. 23-30). It may be that John has given us here merely the transitions of the discourse, merely a sentence here and there. At any rate, the connection of the sentences is not always plain. The main subject of the discourse continued to be the relation of Jesus to the Father.

Expansatory.

"I am the light of the world." We do not know, of course, the exact circumstances of this discourse, but it seems very natural to suppose that the afternoon had passed and darkness had fallen upon the city. The temple, though not wholly dark, lacked the brilliancy of the feast, when the lamps were everywhere. We may take it for granted that Jesus did not often use figurative language when the material object or fact he employed as a symbol was not naturally suggested by some circumstances known to his hearers. Occasionally, of course, he did; but ordinarily a gesture of the hand would make plain to all just what the comparison meant. When he said, "Consider the lilies of the field," it is almost certain that these "lilies," a brilliant meadow flower, were blossoming all about him. When he spoke of the bread of life, his hearers still had fresh in their memories the bread that he had provided across Galilee. When he talked with the woman of Samaria about a water that never fails, he sat on a well curb. Of course no such ideal and perfect use of metaphors is possible to the modern preacher, except the out-of-door preacher.

"To those Jews which believed on him": in the preceding verse it is stated that "many believed on him" as he spoke in the temple. In this verse the expression is a weaker one; "those Jews who had believed on him"—not "believed on him," as the translation reads. In other words, their belief was not a firm one, and was already waning. They were not ready to accept hard sayings. "Ye shall be free" sounded to them like an insult; for a Jew was never willing to admit that he was not free. What he meant when he said "The truth shall make you free," they were not ready, nor willing, to understand.

"The servant abideth not in the house forever; but the son abideth ever." The transition of thought is perhaps not entirely obvious, though it would be to a Jew. The "house" is the Jewish spiritual commonwealth, the theocracy, the real chosen people. Jesus says that the Jew who is a slave ("bond-servant") has no real permanency of rights in this national household. He has no sure standing, no ground for security. He is a slave. Only the son remains permanently in the household without doubts as to his safety and his authority. The slave, so long as he is a slave, may be either ill treated, or may be turned out of doors; penniless and helpless—technically free, but practically worse off than before. The only hope for him lies in his being made free, "indeed"—by a person in authority in the household—the son. If the son pronounces him free with the authority that he possesses, the slave's cause is safe. He need fear no more. Of course the word "son" has reference to Christ; but it is used in general illustration, which holds good in a literal sense of any son in a Jewish household that kept slaves. It is a question, therefore, whether "son" should be printed with a capital in these verses. The interpretation above suggested is perhaps the most natural one. But another may be preferred by some students. It is possible to think of "house" as the house of sin. "The servant abideth not in the house forever" would then mean, "The sinner need not always be a servant of sin; he may be delivered;" while "The son abideth ever" would mean "The son abideth ever in his house—a very different house, a house of freedom and of joy."

The lesson is designated as an optional temperance lesson. Temperance lessons, necessary and desirable as they are, are often difficult to teach in a helpful and interesting manner, because the teacher is not apt to have at hand temperance information when needed. It would be well to collect clippings on the subject. It is certainly not worth while to have temperance lessons if they are to be taught in a careless and lifeless manner that the pupils associate temperance with all that is dull. But if we omit such lessons entirely from the Sunday school, we practically admit, either that the subject is not important for the class of young people that come to Sunday school, or that we are unable to meet the need that does exist. Few will be willing to support either alternative.

Next Lesson—"Christ Healing the Blind Man."—John 9: 1-11.

Her Missing Fense.

She—Miss Biddleston has absolutely no sense of the ridiculous.

He—Why do you think so?

She—I saw her look at you for nearly ten minutes in the car yesterday without cracking a smile.

That Was Easy.

Teacher—What is a fort?

Pupil—A place for soldiers to live in.

Teacher—And a fortress?

Pupil—A place for soldiers' wives to live in.

## MICHIGAN SOLONS.

A bill introduced in the House on Friday provides for the licensing of all persons who desire to use intoxicating liquors as a beverage. The annual fee is fixed at \$5, and the bill provides for the publication of the name and address of each person licensed and the number of his license. A severe penalty is provided for selling to any person who does not produce his license or for loaning, giving or selling a license to another person.

Among the several hundred bills introduced in the Legislature Monday night was one providing anti-freight and passenger rate discrimination regulations similar to those embodied in the interstate commerce law. Another bill provides for a commission to negotiate for the surrender of its special charter by the Michigan Central Railroad Company, with a view to bringing that road under the general law. There was also introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution under which the Legislature can provide for a State board of assessors of corporate property. Governor Pingree has renewed his statement that he will not sign any appropriation bill if a satisfactory railroad tax law is not passed, and that he will call a special session to enact such legislation.

In the House on Tuesday a resolution was adopted authorizing a junket of the Committee on State Affairs, which has the best sugar bounty bills before it, to Bay City to inspect the plant of the factory there. A large number of bills affecting Detroit were introduced. An attempt to run through the Senate a bill providing for a State printing office was unsuccessful, it not being possible to secure the necessary two-thirds vote. The lawmakers of 1899 have not reached the record of the Legislature of 1897 in the matter of bills introduced. In the last session 1,270 bills and joint resolutions were introduced in the House and 561 in the Senate, making a total of 1,840. The House continued in session until late Tuesday night. At 10:30 o'clock 1,192 bills and joint resolutions had been introduced in the House and 541 in the Senate, a total of 1,738. In the House there was the usual horse play attendant upon the last night for the introduction of bills.

The following are among the new bills introduced:

By Mr. Whitney—Establishing office of assistant treasurer.

By Mr. Whitney—Defining duties of supervisors.

By Mr. Burch—Amending liquor laws.

By Mr. Burch—Amending liquor laws.

By Mr. Lusk—Encouraging manufacture of pig iron.

By Mr. Schmidt—Protection of fish in Saginaw river.

By Mr. Schmidt—Protection of fish.

By Mr. Keep—Protection of fur-bearing animals.

By Mr. Goodrich—Establishment of school district libraries.

By Mr. Goodrich—Amending act for protection of owners of stallions.

By Mr. Goodell—Appropriating \$10,000 for State house of correction.

By Mr. Goodell—Duties of assessing officers.

By Mr. McCall—Consolidation of corporations.

By Mr. McCall—Repealing act to revise laws providing for the incorporation of mining companies, etc.

By Mr. Cheever—Providing for service of writs upon non-resident defendants.

By Mr. Cheever—To simplify practice in actions in chancery.

By Mr. Cheever—Fixing salary of stenographer in third circuit at \$2,000.

By Mr. Colby—To regulate selection and organization of standing committees of House of Representatives.

By Mr. Colby—Relative to appeals in chancery to the Supreme Court.

By Mr. Shepherd—Providing for the election of four members of the State Board of Education.

By Mr. Shepherd—Fixing salaries of members of the State Board of Education at \$3 a day.

By Mr. Shepherd—Relative to proceedings against corporations.

By Mr. Hall—Licensing of commission merchants.

By Mr. Hall—Providing for uniform series of text books.

By Mr. Collins—Prohibiting the keeping of animals to be shot at for amusement.

By Mr. Collins—Prohibiting killing of deer on Bois Blanc Island.

By Mr. Shisler—To prevent the forfeiture of insurance contracts.

By Mr. Shisler—Authorizing townships to acquire gravel pits.

By Mr. McLeod—Regulating payment of wages of employees.

By Mr. Reed—Fixing liability of poll tax.

By Mr. Reed—Enforcing payment of poll tax.

By Mr. Burch—Fixing costs of transcripts made by county treasurers.

By Mr. Burch—Providing for the docking of civil causes and proceedings in circuit courts.

By Mr. Scully—Providing for the levy and sale upon execution of abstracts, etc., kept for furnishing information concerning the title to lands in the State.

By Mr. Gustin—Amending act for the incorporation of sporting associations.

By Mr. McCallum—Providing punishment for gambling.

By Mr. Fleischhauer—Providing punishment for unlawfully wearing G. A. R. button.

By Mr. Fleischhauer—Placing suburban railways under the supervision of railroad commissioner.

By Mr. Hammond—Licensing of attorneys.

By Mr. Hammond—Licensing of conveyances.

By Mr. Heineman—To regulate the civil service of cities.

By Mr. Heineman—Providing that the State shall not engage in work of improvement of roads except wagon roads designed to be used by the public.

By Mr. Heineman—Providing for the incorporation of associations for the aid and legal protection of women and children.

By Mr. Heineman—Presentation of bronze medals to the soldiers and sailors of Michigan who served in Spanish-American war.

By Mr. Burfoot—To establish three chairs in the medical department of the university to teach electricity, physio-medicine and healing without drugs.

By Mr. Mason—Placing of low-water alarms on stationary steam boilers.

By Mr. Soper—Regulating width of bridges, etc.

By Mr. Elkhoff—To prohibit the use of encasings upon articles intended for sale as food more than once.



## THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turnbull & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; 6 months, 50 cents; 3 months, 25 cents. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application. Entered at the postoffice at Chelsea, Mich., as second-class matter.

## Suburban Rumors

## FRANCISCO.

Henry Notten is on the sick list. B. F. Kruse of Ypsilanti spent Sunday at home. Ed. Loveland of Barry is visiting his brother Leonard Hall. Died, February 25, at his home one mile south of this village, Om. Lee, aged sixty years. Clarence Weber, Fannie Musbach and Clarence Kruse attended the eighth grade examinations held at Chelsea.

## LYNDON.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Cooper visited friends in White Oak Sunday. S. A. Collins was called to Albion Wednesday by the illness of his brother. Mr. and Mrs. E. Musbach of Francisco were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Rowe Sunday. Miss Corrine Seeger closes her school Friday. After a week's vacation she will resume her duties. Rose McIntee and Eddie Cooper, pupils of Miss Corrine Seeger, took the eighth grade examination at Chelsea Saturday.

## SHARON.

Miss Carolyn Kendall is suffering from an attack of the grip. Anna Upham, who has been spending some time in Grass Lake, has returned home. Several young people from Sylvan attended the calico carnival at this place last Friday evening. The North Sharon Epworth League will hold a box social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Alber, Friday evening, March 3. A musical program will be given. There were no services at the North Sharon school house last Sunday on account of the illness of the wife of Rev. Bradley; nor none at the Lutheran church owing to the illness of Rev. Graeber of Francisco.

## NORTH LAKE.

George Marshall will build a barn this season. Mrs. P. E. Noah is on the sick list with neuralgia. A great many are suffering from colds. Guess they took some of the cold wave. Joe Brown has a milk route for the Dexter creamery. Mr. and Mrs. Albert Johnson's little girl, two years old, has pneumonia. Will Gilbert and Carmi Webb start for Arizona, Thursday of this week. Willis and Herbert Johnson contemplate building a fine large barn in the near future. R. C. Glenn is on both feet again, and can lift a tooth from the under-jaw to perfection. Ralph Arnold will occupy his father's farm soon. His parents contemplate moving to Detroit. Grange re-organization at North Lake, Monday, March 6, 1899. All old-grangers are invited. Mrs. Rha Johnson of Dexter was the guest of her sister Mrs. E. W. Daniels and family last week. R. S. Whalian suffered with an ulcerated tooth last week. Dr. Avery hurt him some more and he is now better.

## LIMA.

Preaching at the Centre has been discontinued indefinitely. A school entertainment was given by the scholars in the Tucker district, Wednesday evening. Mrs. Alfred Parsons of Ypsilanti has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Charles Jenks. Owing to the storm Tuesday, John Lucht postponed his auction till Friday afternoon, March 3. Russell T. Wheelock and William E. Stocking attended the State Convention at Jackson, Wednesday. Emanuel Stabler had the misfortune to lose two valuable horses last week, which he had just purchased.

Quite a number of our neighbors are still afflicted with the grip, but none of them seriously at the present writing.

The play, "The Heroic Dutchman of '76," presented at the town hall last Thursday and Saturday evenings, brought out a full house both evenings, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather and almost impassable condition of the roads. The play was well rendered and heartily responded to by the large and appreciative audience. The proceeds of the entertainment were about \$22.00, which was turned over to the Epworth League.

## SYLVAN.

Mrs. J. Dancer spent Tuesday at Lima. Mrs. Samuel Guthrie has been ill the past week but is now convalescent. James Riggs of Detroit was the guest of Wm. Eisenbeiser a part of last week.

S. P. Foster will close his winter term of school at this place Friday evening with an exhibition.

An absent minded lady of this place filled her lantern with extract of nutmeg instead of kerosene oil.

Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Foster spent last Sunday with Mrs. Foster's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Updike.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Updike spent a couple of days last week with Mr. Updike's parents at Grass Lake.

J. N. Dancer has engaged John Conaty to drive the milk wagon from this place to Grass Lake this season.

Mr. and Mrs. George Millsbaugh spent several days of the past week with Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Millsbaugh.

The Ladies' Christian Aid Society will meet with Mrs. M. B. Millsbaugh on Thursday, March 9. Everybody invited.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Ward gave a dinner last Friday to relatives in honor of Mr. Ward's mother's eighty-sixth birthday.

Adam Traub has moved on the Foster farm and Luke Guinan will take possession of the Wilson West farm in the near future.

The services at the M. E. church will be held in the morning at 10:30. Sunday-school immediately after, and evening service at 7:30.

Miss Cora Beckwith has returned home after an absence of several weeks at Chelsea, where she has been working for Mrs. Hamilton.

## WATERLOO.

A little child of Andrew Runciman is quite sick.

Miss Lizzie Schafer of Chelsea is keeping house for Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Koelz.

Mrs. G. A. Koelz who has ill for some time is slowly regaining her former health.

Mrs. Sylvia Wilmarth of Quincy and Miss Kittie Beyer are visiting their sister, Mrs. Henry Gorton.

Rev. Emil Wenk, pastor of the Lutheran church is confined to his home with the grip.

Died, on February 25, 1899, Mrs. Christina Eisenbeiser, aged 32 years, wife of Morris Eisenbeiser of this place.

Married, on February 28, 1899, Miss Sarah Baldwin to Mr. Benjamin Lantis, both of Waterloo. Rev. Palmer officiating.

Wm. Groshaus has purchased the right to manufacture the Butler artificial stone water tank for the townships of Sylvan and Sharon.

The Gorton-Rommel water works froze up during the recent cold snap, and Jake says if it was not for John Moeckel's well they would have a water famine.

John Moeckel has on his farm 12 thoroughbred Jersey hogs and all of them eligible to registry. Mr. Moeckel may well feel proud of this fine lot of hogs for they are worthy of a great deal of praise.

A few days ago your reporter had the pleasure of viewing the fine herd of registered Holstein cattle owned by J. H. Hubbard. The herd at present consists of twelve heifers and cows. The sire of the present herd was Bonaventure, purchased of T. J. Owen of Walworth, N. Y., and the dam, Lenora, registered No. 114, was bought of Smith & Powell of Syracuse, N. Y. Lenora was a great butter producer averaging 14 pounds per week.

The present writing Mr. Hubbard has in his herd one cow but two years old whose milk produces one pound of butter per day. We venture to assert that there is not a finer herd of Holstein cattle in Jackson county, and it is well worth anybody's time to visit the farm of Mr. Hubbard and view this herd of choice cattle.

There was an examination held at the school house on Saturday for eighth or common school diplomas. DeWitt Squires conducting the examinations, C. O. Powell of district No. 7, assisting in the examinations.

Death reaped a rich harvest in Waterloo during the month of February. Seven in number as follows: John J. Holzpfel aged 71, February 2; Mrs. T. R. Kuppinger aged 74, February 5; Wm. F. Haar aged 20, February 20; Miss Little A. Reithmiller aged 20, February 20; Joseph P. Bird aged 79, February 21; Mrs. Ida Vicary aged 22, February 25; Mrs. Christina Eisenbeiser aged 32, February 25. The funeral of J. J. Holzpfel was the first one held in the village of Waterloo in a year.

## COUNTY AND VICINITY.

Chicken thieves are making the rounds at Grass Lake.

The Ann Arbor Organ Co. intends to build 3,000 organs during 1899.

Dr. Chas. Chadwick of Grass Lake is once more able to attend to his office duties, after a month's illness.

Mr. and Mrs. I. M. Robison of Manchester will celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage on March 6.

Grass Lake's postoffice is to be moved into a new home. An entire new set of furniture will be one of the features of the new place.

Notwithstanding reports to the contrary Deputy Railroad Commissioner Judson travels on regular mileage that he pays for with hard cash. Ann Arbor Argus-Democrat.

Fred Vogel, the blacksmith at Weinsburg, is the owner of an old watch over 200 years old. The case is of an unknown composition. In spite of its age it keeps good time. Mr. Vogel inherited the watch from his grandfather.

According to the Argus-Democrat, County Clerk Schuh was mistaken for both Bryan and Cleveland one day recently. Soon after this Schuh was seen to step back of a door and shake hands with himself. Just think of Bryan and Cleveland shaking hands with each other.

The Ann Arbor Argus sent up a loud wail last week about Ann Arbor being in great danger of losing a valuable country trade to Ypsilanti, by the latter city capturing an electric road from Manchester to Saline, and calls on its business men to wake up. The only difference between Ann Arbor and Rip Van Winkle is that Rip woke up, while Ann Arbor will never wake up.

Last Sunday morning as Tony Kiermeyer, second engineer at the power house, was pointing out to Engineer Odell some connections he had made the previous day on the switch board, his hand came in contact with a live wire. He fell against Odell with a loud yell and vainly endeavored to let go his hold but the mighty current held him fast. As soon as Odell realized what the trouble was he grabbed Kiermeyer around the waist and after three or four hard jerks managed to pull him away. Kiermeyer was himself again in a few minutes but it was a close call. The register indicated 500 volts of electricity at the time the accident occurred. Plymouth Mail.

Michael Grossman of the firm of Walker & Co. said to the Argus Tuesday morning, "It is going to rain. I know this from the fact that I could smell petroleum from the south last evening. You may laugh but I have found this to be a fact. My attention was called to this by Michael Staehler, of the American House, and I have found it never fails. The smell comes from the Ohio oil field. The heaviness in the air depresses the oil smell. I have watched it for a number of years and when the oil smell shows itself we always have rain or mist, but generally rain within three days. Mr. Staehler discovered this phenomenon when he lived on his farm in Ohio." Ann Arbor Argus-Democrat.

REMARKABLE CURE. Mrs. Michael Gorton, Granddame, Ill. makes the statement that she caught cold which settled in her lungs and was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless case of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her husband suggested for King's New Discovery for Consumption, she bought a bottle and in her tonight found herself breathing free from her cough. She continued taking it and after taking six bottles found herself sound and well, now does her own housework and is as well as she ever was. Price of this bottle at this time at the University at Chicago & Cincinnati Drug Stores. Only 50 cents and \$1.00 every bottle guaranteed.

## NOTICE OF VILLAGE ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that the Charter Village Election of the Village of Chelsea, county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, will be held at the Town Hall in said Village, on Monday, March 13th, A. D. 1899, at which time the following officers are to be elected, viz: One President, one Clerk, one Treasurer, three Trustees for two years and one Assessor. The Polls of said Election will be open at 7 o'clock a. m. and will remain until 5 o'clock p. m. of said day of Election. By order of Village Board of Election Inspectors.

W. H. Heselschwerdt, Clerk of said Village. Dated this 28th day of Feb'y A. D. 1899.

## REGISTRATION NOTICE.

To the Electors of the Village of Chelsea, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan: Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the Village above named, will be held at the Town Hall in said Village, on Saturday, March 11th, A. D. 1899, for the purpose of Registering the names of all such persons who shall be possessed of the necessary qualifications of electors, and who may apply for that purpose, and that said Board of Registration will be in session on the day at the place aforesaid from 9 o'clock in the forenoon until 5 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose aforesaid. Dated this 28th day of Feb'y A. D. 1899. By order of the Village Board of Registration.

W. H. Heselschwerdt, Clerk of said Village.

## STORY OF A SLAVE.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by Glazier & Son, Druggists.

## GO TO EARL'S FOR YOUR

## Fresh Roasted Peanuts

8 cents per pound. We salt our own Spanish Peanuts.

Home-made Gingersnaps 10 cents per pound.

Give us a call for your auction buns.

J. G. EARL, Proprietor.

First door east of Hoag & Holmes Bazaar

## NEW MEAT MARKET

We have opened an up-to-date meat market, and we shall keep constantly in stock a full supply of

## Fresh and Salt Meats,

Hams and Bacon.

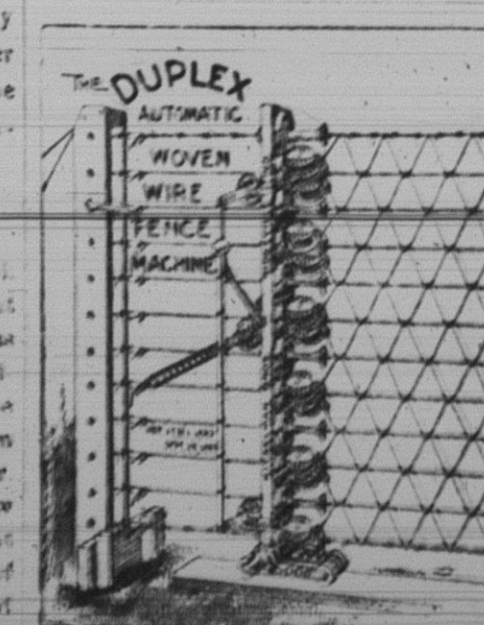
## BEEF, VEAL &amp; MUTTON

LARD AND SAUSAGES.

We solicit a portion of your patronage and shall aim to keep a market second none.

## CHAS. SCHAFER.

Klein Building, Main Street.



## OH SAY!

What about that Kittleman Fence? What does it cost? Who sells the Machines? Ask

Geo. T. English. He will tell you all about it.

## JOHN BULL

Is always preparing to give Europe a surprise, but they don't compare with the



## SURPRISES

--AT THE--

## BANK STORE DRUG

IN THE SHAPE OF LOW PRICES AND UP-TO-DATE GOODS.

## WE ARE SELLING:

20 pounds Granulated Sugar for \$1.00. Fresh Oyster Crackers 5c per pound. Choice Peanut Candy 10c pound. Oranges 15c per dozen. 36 Boxes Parlor Matches for 25c. Large sacks Diamond Crystal salt 20c. Choice Dried Beef 10c pound. Best Scaled Herring 14c box. Ginger Snaps 5c pound.

## WALL PAPER

Remember that our rooms are full of New Papers of the latest designs. Select your paper from the roll instead of from samples. Then you know exactly what you are getting and there is no delay in waiting for goods.

You can depend upon getting the Highest Market Price for Eggs

If you bring them to us.

FOR THE LOWEST PRICES GO TO

## GLAZIER &amp; STIMSON.

Did you ever try a pound of

## FARRELL'S 25C COFFEE? IF NOT

Try ours and get a chance on a splendid Coffee mill. It will do you good.

## FARRELL'S PURE FOOD STORE

No! it is not claimed that Foley's Honey and Tar will cure CONSUMPTION or ASTHMA in advanced stages, it holds out no such false hopes, but DOES truthfully claim to always give comfort and relief in the very worst cases and in the early stages to effect a cure.

## FOLEY'S BANNER SALVE is a Healing Wonder. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

For Sale—Buggy, harness and swell-box cutter, all in good condition, for \$20. Inquire at Cummings' grocery.

Bob designs from now to close of winter at very low prices. Adam Paist.

Get your calling cards at The Standard office. "The latest cut."

A WHOLE FAMILY. Rev. L. A. Smith of Mount Vernon, Mo., says: "My children were afflicted with a cough resulting from measles, my wife with a cough that had prevented her from sleeping, more or less for five years, and your White Wine of Tar Syrup has cured them all."

WORKINGMEN'S SALVE. The Workmen of the village of Chelsea will meet in caucus at the town hall, on Monday, March 26th, 1899 at 7:30 o'clock p. m. (local time) to nominate village officers to be voted for at the ensuing election.

Chelsea, Feb. 28th, 1899.

By Order of Committee.

I build the Kittleman woven wire fence, Headquarters Lima Center, Mich.

Geo. T. English.

He will tell you all about it.

FOR SALE.

R. B. WALTROUS.



# THE CHELSEA STANDARD

## SUPPLEMENT

### What They Say.

The Chelsea Standard is ten years of age and it gets brighter and better each year.—Dexter Leader.

The Chelsea Standard is ten years old and is a bright, clean and healthy looking youngster.—Ann Arbor Argus.

The Chelsea Standard, published by O. T. Hoover in our neighboring village, is one of the best newspapers printed in this county, and as it has entered upon its eleventh year the Enterprise extends hearty congratulations.—Manchester Enterprise.

Bro. Hoover, of the Chelsea Standard, started in with Vol. 11 of his paper last week, it being the eighth year under his management. He has a neat, well arranged paper, full of news, and well patronized by merchants in advertising, and he allows that he will make it a standard newspaper in all its appointments, as well as in name. Mighty little that's worth printing escapes Hoover, in local news, and as for politics he don't care a continental pond, how things go. His business is to "Hoover up" every week for Chelsea.—Adrian Press.

### The March Jury.

The regular panel of jurors for the March term of court were drawn last Thursday afternoon at the county clerk's office. They will be summoned to appear on Tuesday, March 7th. They are as follows:

Ann Arbor city—W. W. Wadhams, Lewis Lucas, George Clark, Wm. Finnegan, Charles Grindler, Horace T. Purfield, Anton Teufel:

Ann Arbor town—George Fisher.

Augusta—John Bunton.

Bridgewater—Wilbur Hogan.

Dexter—Patrick Farrel.

Freedom—Fred Roller.

Lima—Fred C. Halst.

Lodi—George Renl.

Lyndon—Charles Stapish.

Manchester—William Waters.

Northfield—Patrick O'Neal.

Pittsfield—George C. Smith and Ralph Rice.

Salem—John D. Bennett.

Saline—William Jackson.

Scio—Fred C. Fiegel.

Sharon—Ed. M. Pierce.

Superior—Wilbur Tate.

Sylvan—J. Beckwith.

Webster—Ed. Alexander.

York—George Miller.

Ypsilanti city—Roland Fletcher, Herschel Goodspeed.

Ypsilanti town—Tom Ross.

If you want a binder, mower or hay rake call on Adam Faist.

# NEW SHIRT WAISTS

JUST RECEIVED.

BIG ASSORTMENT OF

# NEW STYLES

AT

## Popular Prices.

## H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

### Resolutions.

Resolutions passed by the Chelsea Rifles and Fire Department on the untimely death of their comrade, John Corv, Feb. 25, 1899:

Whereas, God in His divine wisdom, has called to eternal rest our friend and comrade, John Cory; therefore be it

Resolved, By the officers and comrades of both companies, that we extend our heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved mother and relatives in the loss that they and we have sustained in the death of one so dear to them and us. That we gladly bear witness to his faith and loyalty to the church of his choice.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family, and that a copy be published in the Chelsea papers. BY ORDER OF COM.

### BISMARCK'S IRON NERVE

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25 cents at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

For Sale—A pleasant home. Jefferson and Madison streets. T. Cassidy. 8

### FARM FOR SALE.

Situated at Francisco, in sight of the passenger and freight depot, grain elevator, store and postoffice. Contains 53 acres of land, a large first-class house, 2 barns, 2-story grainery (brick-lined), fire insurance \$3,300, good orchard and all kinds of fruit, 15 acres good pasture land, 4 acres timber. Price including one field wheat (sown early), farming implements and stock \$3,500, or farm without implements and stock at \$3,000. One-half purchase price cash, balance on long time. Cheap at the above price to any one wishing a pleasant home, no incumbrance. Inquire at the premises.

D. SHELL, Francisco, Mich.

### Chelsea Steam Laundry

A cotton imitation of linen that has received our finish is better than linen done up, or rather done out, somewhere else. We aim high and always hit the mark.

### COME AND SEE US.

For Sale—85 acres of land, 12 acres of timber, good buildings, good orchard and well watered. 2½ miles northwest of Chelsea. Inquire at premises. J. Sumner. 51tf

## Geo. H. Foster. AUCTIONEER

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Terms Reasonable

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## BAR-BEN

THE GREAT RESTORATIVE.

It's not a "patent" medicine, but is prepared direct from the formula of E. E. Barton, M. D., Cleveland's most eminent specialist, by Hjalmer O. Benson, Ph.D., B.S. BAR-BEN is the greatest known restorative and invigorator for men and women. It creates solid flesh, muscle and strength, clears the brain, makes the blood pure and rich and causes a general feeling of health, strength and renewed vitality, while the generative organs are helped to regain their normal powers and the sufferer is quickly made conscious of direct benefit. One box will work wonders, six should perfect a cure. Prepared in small sugar coated tablets easy to swallow. The days of celery compounds, nervuras, sarsaparillas and vile liquid tonics are over. BAR-BEN is for sale at all drug stores, a 60-dose box for 50 cents, or we will mail it securely sealed on receipt of price. DR. E. E. BARTON AND BENSON, 461 Bar-Ben Block, Cleveland, O.



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Copper Plated All Steel Levers. Combination Beam. Catalogue Free.

Address, JONES OF BINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

## FINE JOB PRINTING

If you are in need of Printing of any kind call at the Standard Steam Printing House, Chelsea, Mich. Bill Heads, Note Heads, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Receipts, Wedding Stationery, Posters, Visiting Cards, Programs, Statements, Dodgers, Business Cards, Auction Bills, Horse Bills, Pamphlets, Etc.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERY where for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the roar of battle the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brisk sale of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book. Low price. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Outfit free. Address, F. T. Barber, Sec'y, Star Insurance Building, Chicago. 11

RECOMMENDED FOR LA GRIPPE. N. Jackson, Danville, Ill., writes: My daughter had a severe attack of the grippe seven years ago and since then whenever she takes cold a terrible cough settles on her lungs. We tried a great many remedies without giving relief. She tried Foley's Honey and Tar which cured her. She has never been troubled with a cough since. 25c and 50c.



## Local Brevities

Mrs. Alfred Pinegar is quite ill.

This section of the country was visited by a thunder storm Sunday afternoon.

The Temple of Fame will be presented at the opera house, March 9th and 10th.

It is said that work on the New State Telephone Company's line through Chelsea, will be begun this week.

Rev. C. S. Jones delivered a lecture entitled "Cobwebs", at the church at North Hamburg, Tuesday evening.

Trim & McGregor, who have been running a store at this place, have packed up their goods and moved out of town.

A. H. Stedman has purchased a lot of Mrs. A. Congdon on Main street, and will erect a residence thereon the coming summer.

Aaron H. Buss who recently graduated from the business college at Ypsilanti is now keeping books for a Jackson hardware firm.

The obituary of Mrs. Ida M. Vickery of Waterloo was received too late for publication this week. It will appear next week.

In the item in last week's Standard in regard to the overheated soapstone we inadvertently used the name Steinbach for that of Fletcher.

Prof. Byron W. King of Pittsburgh, Pa., lecturer and dramatic reader, will give one of his popular entertainments in Chelsea, March 13.

Word comes that Miss Jeanette B. Storms, formerly of this place, has been elected fourth vice president of the State Epworth League of Wisconsin.

The L. O. T. M. will give a social a Marcebe hall, Tuesday evening, March 7th. All Marcebees and their families are cordially invited to be present.

The Chelsea Rifles will meet at their hall for the purpose of drilling, Wednesday evening next. All members not present will be subject to the usual fine.

The county superintendents of the poor held a jail inspection one day last week and found everything a model of cleanliness under Sheriff Gillen's incumbency.

The Temple of Fame to be given by the Methodist society, will represent some of the most famous people of the world. Uncle Sam and Columbia have been secured as attractions.

"Is Capital Punishment Justifiable?" will be the subject discussed by the Business Men's Class at the Congregational church, Sunday. The discussion will be led by H. S. Holmes.

There will be a meeting of the Vermont Cemetery Association at the residence of R. P. Chase, at 2 o'clock the second Tuesday in March. It is hoped that all interested will turn out to this meeting, as business of importance is to be transacted.

There was a crowded house to greet the presentation of Uncle Tom's Cabin by the Stetson company at the town hall, Monday evening. While the various parts were well sustained the play itself was so cut up and various parts left out that it was scarcely recognizable.

The following gentlemen were elected delegates from Sylvan to the democratic county convention which is in session at Ann Arbor today: H. Lighthall, James Taylor, M. Staffan, M. Howe, W. R. Lehman, Geo. A. Young, F. McNamara, Geo. P. Staffan, J. S. Gorman, O. A. Burgess, Geo. W. Beckwith, K. Otto Steinbach, Wm. Schatz.

Make five dollars easy. Suggest a name for the Grand Fourth of July Celebration to be held at Ypsilanti this year. It is the seventy-fifth anniversary of the first celebration held in that city, and will be a hummer. Five dollars in gold will be offered for the best name suggested for the celebration. All suggestions must be in by March 15. Address, Charles M. Hemphill, Ypsilanti.

The work of moving the arc light dynamo at the electric light station was completed Sunday, and now the two dynamos are both installed in the engine room. A new floor will be laid and the room will be made a model dynamo room. The old dynamo room will be used for a stock room. The way that the lighting is now arranged, on moonlight nights but one dynamo will be run.

Chelsea has a fire department and it was called out last week to extinguish a fire in the engine house, which had caught from an oil stove used to keep the engine warm. The fire was under good headway before the engine could be snaked out and put in working order. That's what may be termed retributive justice.—Adrian Press. The Press will have to guess again, as the above mentioned episode did not occur in this place.

A Chelsea man calls twin children "Coincidence" because they happened to get together.—Jackson Patriot.

The program for the Western Washington Union Farmers' Club, to be held at Mr. M. A. Lowery's, March 16, is as follows: The question for discussion, "Is the government postal system extravagant?" Leader, M. Lowery. "Talk on union culture," J. F. Waltrous. Recitation, F. E. Storms. Select Reading, Mrs. Geo. Chapman. Recitation, Mrs. Roland Waltrous. Good music will be furnished.

Married, on Wednesday, February 22, 1899, at the M. E. Parsonage in Pinckney by the Rev. Simmons, Mr. Hartley M. Bland of Pinckney and Miss Nettie L. Hudson of North Lake. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Lula M. Hudson and the groom by his firm friend, Mr. Henry L. Isham of Pinckney. The happy couple have started forth on their journey of life with the brightest prospects, and a host of friends wishing them as much.

It is announced that plans have been perfected for the early construction of an electric railroad between Ann Arbor and Jackson. As there seems to be some doubt as to the exact route that the road is to follow we do see how the plans have been perfected. There is some talk of its going by the way of Dexter, Chelsea, Cavanaugh Lake, Grass Lake, and Leoni; and there is also some talk of skipping Dexter. The intention is to have the road in operation by October.

Rev. F. A. Strough of Albany, N. Y., will deliver his illustrated sermon, "The Modern Prodigal Son," at the Congregational church, this evening. There will be no admission fee. Tomorrow evening he will take the people of Chelsea on a trip to Cuba, Porto Rico and Manila and let them see many of the events of the late war with Spain. It will be magnificently illustrated with the finest lantern slides obtainable. This lecture has been given in many large cities and has always given the best of satisfaction. Admission 10 and 20 cents.

Word has been received here of the death of Olie Campbell, a former Chelsea boy. He has been located near Sheridan, Oklahoma, for some little time, and on the 17th of February he was engaged in drawing logs when the tire on one of the wagon wheels came off breaking the wheel and letting a log roll on him in such a manner as to break his back and otherwise terribly injure him. He lived about forty-eight hours after the accident and was conscious to the last. A very sad feature of the affair was the fact that he was to have been married on the 25th of February to a very estimable young lady of that place.

A rare treat will be afforded our people on St. Patrick's day by the presentation of Boucault's beautiful play, "The Colleen Bawn," at the Opera house, Chelsea. It is one of the finest plays put on by local talent. The following persons are in the cast: Messrs. Ralph and Orrin Thacher, Jacob Hummel, Jr., Louis Burg, Herbert McKune, John Hindelang, Henry Mullen, Frank Fenn, and Mrs. R. A. Hardie, the Misses Jennie McGee, Lizzie Hammond and Nellie Maroney. The recently-formed orchestra will render delightful music. This will be an excellent presentation of a notable play, and there is no doubt of a large audience. Admission will be 25 and 15 cents.

The Aeolian Jubilee Singers, who gave an entertainment at the town hall, Friday evening, seem to be traveling around the country getting large audiences by practicing a little deceit. If they had advertised their entertainment as the tag end of a minstrel show no one would have reason to complain. But when they advertise themselves as jubilee singers and then give the entertainment that they do, they should be sat down upon. There were but four in the company, and the show consisted of music by the orchestra and the singing of some of the latest coon songs, but nothing that one would look for from a genuine, name-blown-in-the-glass company of jubilee singers.

Despite the inclemency of the weather a large number of gentlemen of St. Mary's parish attended the preliminary meeting for the purpose of organizing a local branch of the C. M. B. A. Ex-Congressman Gorman was called to the chair, and in fitting words introduced Mr. John H. Breen of Detroit, the grand secretary, who talked interestingly for more than an hour on the aims and purposes of the organization. Many questions were propounded by those present, and satisfactorily answered. About forty signed the application for a charter, and in a short time Chelsea will have a flourishing branch of the C. M. B. A. Rev. Father Considine was present at the meeting, and entertained Mr. Breen during his brief stay in Chelsea. The gentlemen interested are very grateful to the G. A. R. for their courtesy in giving them the use of their pleasant hall.

**VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS**  
Are grand, but skin eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them; also old, running and fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, warts, cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, chapped hands, chilblains. Best pile cure on earth. Drives out pains and aches. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Glazier & Stimson, Druggists.

## Personal Mention

H. S. Holmes spent Monday at Milford.

Dr. H. H. Avery spent Sunday at Ann Arbor.

Miss Edith Noyes is visiting friends in Detroit.

Sam Heselschwerdt left on Monday for Ohio.

George Cross was a Jackson visitor on Tuesday.

Mrs. James Geddes was a Dexter visitor Sunday.

Nathan Pierce was an Ann Arbor visitor Monday.

Arch Miles of Dexter visited friends here this week.

G. M. Bird of Wayne called on friends here Wednesday.

M. Mohrlock spent a couple of days of this week at Holt.

Miss Nina Crowell spent Sunday with relatives at Sharon.

Miss Nellie Maroney is spending the week in Cleveland.

Mrs. M. Hunter visited her sister at Dexter over Sunday.

Mrs. J. Farrell spent a couple of days this week at Jackson.

George L. Nadolock of Detroit was a Chelsea visitor Monday.

Tommy Wilkinson spent the latter part of last week in Detroit.

Mrs. T. W. Mingay of Ann Arbor was a Chelsea visitor Saturday.

D. B. Sparks of Chicago spent Tuesday evening with friends here.

Wesley Burchard of Grass Lake spent Saturday with friends here.

Mrs. S. T. Harrington of Dexter spent Tuesday with relatives here.

A. W. Wilkinson spent a couple of days of this week at Lansing.

George Harper of Ypsilanti was a Chelsea visitor the first of this week.

Miss Nellie Bacon of the Normal was the guest of her parents Sunday.

Miss Ida Jelede of Dexter was the guest of Miss Ella Slimmer over Sunday.

H. M. Twamley spent several days of this week with his son at Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Pardon Keyes of Detroit were the guests of friends here this week.

Mr. O. C. Burkhardt attended the state round-up institute at Pontiac this week.

Geo. Hindelang of Munith spent Sunday at this place with his brother Albert.

Mr. and Mrs. James Blakley of Mason were the guests of Mrs. J. C. Taylor, a few days of the past week.

Miss Millicent Avery of Howell is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. H. H. Avery this week.

Emil Kantlehner of Jackson spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Kantlehner.

Miss Nettie Hoover of Ypsilanti spent Sunday here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Hoover.

Hugh McNally, who has been spending some time in Lima, Ohio, returned to this place Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Babcock and a son Lawrence of Grass Lake spent Sunday with relatives here.

C. W. Maroney is in Detroit attending the sessions of the Great Court of Foresters as a delegate from Court Chelsea.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. C. Oslus of Hillsdale have been the guests of Mrs. John P. Buss of Freedom, for a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Foster of Grass Lake were the guests of Mrs. Foster's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Staffan, Sunday.

Mrs. Martin Wackenhut and children have gone to Lansing and will remain there with Mr. Wackenhut until the session of the legislature ends.

A. W. Wilkinson, H. S. Holmes, Thos. Sears, George Cross, N. Pierce, Jay M. Woods, Wm. Stocking, B. Parker, Russell Wheelock and O. T. Hoover attended the Republican state convention at Jackson yesterday.

**Lillie Annie Reithmiller.**

Lillie Annie Reithmiller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Reithmiller, was born in Waterloo, Mich., August 1, 1879, and departed this life February 20, 1899, aged 19 years, 6 months and 19 days. Lillie was a constant sufferer for about eighteen months, and an exceptional sufferer about six months, but her suffering is over and she has entered into her rest. Lillie was earnest, consistent and a good girl, and her last days were peaceful, trusting, and resigned. She said to her mother, "I am not afraid to die, it is all right." She leaves a father and mother to mourn her loss, together with a host of friends and relatives. She was untiring in her efforts, both in her church and Sunday-school work, and always in her place. "Her sun is gone down while it is still day."

The funeral services were conducted by Rev. J. A. Blickenstaff of Hastings, February 23rd, in the U. B. church of Waterloo, after which the remains were laid to rest in Mt. Hope cemetery to await the final reunion of the loved and blest.

Lost—On February 15th, between Mrs. Peter Young's and Chelsea, a black fur mitten. Finder leave at this office.

## "Keep Thy Shop, and Thy Shop Will Keep Thee."

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN.

We aim to keep our store so interesting, clean and attractive that our store will keep us.

We realize the fact that the public demands fresh, clean, wholesome food and is willing to pay a reasonable profit on goods that are satisfactory.

There is no store in Chelsea which can do as well by you—considering quality, wholesomeness and price—coupled with cleanliness and promptness as well as does

## FREEMAN'S STORE.

### WE OFFER:

Best granulated sugar at 5c a pound

7 pounds new prunes for 25c

Broken rice 5c a pound

Fancy California head rice 10c a pound

Large bottles catsup 10c each

10 pounds rolled oats for 25c

Hot house lettuce 18c pound

Large ripe bananas 20c dozen

Fancy navel oranges 30c dozen

Jersey sweet potatoes 6 pounds for 25c

Pure maple syrup 25c quart

## FREEMAN'S.

## NEW SPRING GOODS.

EVERY DAY WE ARE OPENING THEM UP.

Nothing but what we know to be Good.

Nothing but the Best at the price will be found here.



New Dry Goods,  
New Clothing,  
Furnishing Goods,  
New Shoes,  
New Carpets,  
New Draperies,  
New Lace Curtains,  
New Shades,  
New Poles,  
New Fixtures,  
Brass Sash Rods.

REMEMBER—We sell new up-to-date goods at down to date prices. When you buy of us you get the best for your money to be had anywhere. We simply ask you to come and look. Because we know it pays to look and get posted.



THE FAMOUS  
Queen Quality Shoe  
For Women.

Price \$3.00

In presenting "Queen Quality" we have placed before the Women of America a shoe of exceptional value for \$3.00.

Highest Quality of material and workmanship.

Made in thirty styles suitable for street, dress, home, or outing. For retaining their shape and fitting where others fail, they have no equal.

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

## SPECIAL SALE.

TWO WEEKS ONLY.

COMMENCING MARCH 1, 1899.

Library Tables, Solid Oak with Drawers,	\$7.00 Value \$4.50
" " " " " "	\$6.00 Value \$4.00
" " " " " "	\$5.00 Value \$3.50
" " " " " "	\$4.50 Value \$3.00

MAPLE STANDS 24x24 75c. ALL OTHER STYLES ACCORDINGLY. These goods were bought at 50c on the dollar from a firm going out of business. You get the benefit. Come early and take your choice. We are making a big cut in Bedroom Suits and Parlor Goods, also Couches.

Special drives in Springs and Mattresses.

Call and see our Springs we warrant for FIVE YEARS.

STAFFAN FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING CO.

The Bent Glass Front. Main Street South.

WE NOW OFFER A FULL LINE OF

Buggies, Road Wagons,

Surries and Farm Wagons in all styles at the lowest prices.

Wherever you are in need of any  
HARDWARE OR FURNITURE

you will find it to your advantage to call on us.

W. J. KNAPP.



A STORY TO SUIT YOU O AND SEE WHAT

WEBSTER THE TAILOR

Is showing in the line of New Spring Woolens for

Overcoats, Suits and Trousers

and this is a story that will suit you.

J. GEO. WEBSTER.  
MERCHANT TAILOR.



## TOPICS FOR FARMERS.

### A DEPARTMENT PREPARED FOR OUR RURAL FRIENDS.

**Cuba and the American Farmer—The Farm as a Permanent Home—How to Cut Up Hogs—Traveling Post-offices for the Country.**

Since the farmers of this country have learned more about Porto Rico and Cuba there has been much question as to what extent the soil products of these countries will injure home production if admitted free of duty to our markets. As Porto Rico is now a United States possession there will be no duty on products shipped from there, and the distance will serve to keep down prices to a point where they will be of little injury to the home output. With Cuba it is different, but it is not probable that the products of the island will materially interfere with our own except in few instances. In vegetables we have little to fear from Cuba.

The main competition will be against our Southern States, and chiefly in such tropical productions as pineapples, bananas, mangoes, oranges, tobacco and sugar. With the growths of the North Cuba cannot compete, but the people of the island will in time grow their own vegetables for winter or rainy season use and also raise their own meat, thus cutting off a valuable market. At the present time we have more to fear from the free entry into this country of sugar from Cuba than anything else. If Cuba is kept an independent nation a duty will probably be kept on sugar, but if the island shall eventually become part of the United States our sugar-producing States must suffer unless special provision is made for them. Farmers' Review.

#### The Farm a Home.

The farm is a home—not a place to be lived at to-day and moved from to-morrow, but a home to be improved and beautified—a home where orchards are to be planted, where vines are to be grown, where substantial things are to be constructed, where children are to be born and fathers are to die. Into the fields come and reap new generations out of the fields and into the graveyard pass old generations.

There is no spot on earth where God more continuously shows himself than on a farm. Here becomes understood the meaning of the word "Father." The God is Father to the father. Providence unravels the heart-entwined corn leaves, fills the grape skins with new wine, gives drink to thirsty cattle, beautifies the garden with many-colored flowers, perfumes the air with fragrance, made among the meadows. Here, too, man is made philosophic, as he beholds on every hand the "evidences of design." Faith he does not need; certainty takes the place of it.—Farm and Factory

#### Cutting Up Hogs.

For cutting up the carcass of a hog should be laid on the back, upon a strong table, says Western Plowman. The head should then be cut close by the ears, and the hind feet so far below the hocks as not to disfigure the hams, and leave room sufficient for hanging them up; after which the carcass is divided into equal halves, up the middle of the backbone, with a carving knife, and, if necessary, a hand-mallet. Then cut the ham from the side by the second joint of the backbone, which will appear on dividing the carcass, and dress the ham by paring a little off the flank or skinny part, so as to shape it with a half round point, clearing off any top fat which may appear. Next cut off the sharp edge along the backbone with a knife and mallet, and slice off the first rib next the shoulder, where there is a bloody vein, which must be taken out, since, if it is left in, that part is apt to spoil. The corners should be squared off when the ham is cut. The ordinary practice is to cut out the spine or backbone. Some take out the chine and upper parts of the ribs in the first place; indeed, almost every locality has its peculiar mode of proceeding.

#### Traveling Postoffices.

The Postoffice Department has ordered an innovation in the postal service by the experimental establishment of a postoffice on wheels, to operate in the vicinity of Westminster, Md. The service, which is to begin shortly, calls for the use of a postal wagon to travel over a designated route in rural districts. Mail boxes can be placed at some point on the route for every farmer living within a mile or two from the proposed route and mail will be collected therefrom. One important feature of the contemplated innovation, which, if successful, will be extended generally, is that it will have money order and registry matter facilities.

#### Grafting for a Head.

A writer in one of our contemporaries tells how he succeeded in rebuilding a tree by grafting limbs on the body of a tree. He had some trees which were not symmetrical, and some from which limbs had been broken, until they were one-sided. These were so badly crippled that it was not probable the tree would correct the fault, as it would if but slightly misshapen, so he secured some scions, and opening the bark of the body of the tree to be operated on, introduced the scions exactly as he would if budding a tree, the only difference being that the scions had several buds on instead of being a mere bud. These were then waxed and bound as a bud would be, and all of them began to grow at once, and at the end of the season had made a very satisfactory growth, with a promise of making the trees so grafted symmetrical in a very short time. It is thinking of these little things that makes successful fruit growers,

and publishing the results is what makes a man's work valuable to the world as well as himself.—Farmer's Voice.

#### Why You Should Keep Hens.

1. Because you ought by their means to convert a great deal of the waste of the farm into money, in the shape of eggs and chickens for market.
2. Because with intelligent management they ought to be all-year-revenue producers, excepting, perhaps, about two months, during moulting season.
3. Because poultry will yield you a quicker return for the capital invested than any of the other departments of agriculture.
4. Because the manure from the poultry house will make a valuable compost for use in either garden or orchard. The birds themselves will destroy many injurious insects.
5. Because while cereals and fruits can only be successfully grown in certain sections, poultry can be raised in all parts of the country.
6. Because poultry raising is an employment in which the farmer's wife and daughter can engage and leave him free to attend to other departments.
7. Because to start poultry raising on the farm requires little or no capital. With proper management, poultry can be made a valuable adjunct to the farm.—Farmer's Review.

#### Combined Harvester and Thresher.

The Laufenburg traction engine and combined harvester is thus described by the Scientific American: The harvester, which is used in the great wheat fields of California and the Pacific coast States, cuts a swath 28 feet wide, and threshes, cleans and sacks the grain as it moves along. It would seem that a machine cutting a strip of grain 28 feet wide would be handling straw fast enough to satisfy almost any one, but the Laufenburg machine has been built to cut a nice little swath of 52 feet and sack the grain complete, clean and ready for market. While the combined harvester is not a new feature in the handling of crops on the coast, only recently, and not until the traction engine became a success in the field, did they ever attempt to cut wider than 18 feet, 16 feet being the standard machine, requiring from thirty to forty head of horses to handle it.

#### Wealth of the United States.

The United States constitutes the richest nation on the globe. Mullhall furnishes these figures: United States, \$81,750,000,000; Great Britain, \$59,030,000,000; France, \$47,950,000,000; Germany, \$40,250,000,000; Russia, \$32,125,000,000; Austria, \$22,550,000,000; Italy, \$15,800,000,000; Spain, \$11,300,000,000. These computations are based upon values as shown by real estate records, buildings, merchandise and railways, as well as the circulating medium in each nation. As will be seen, our wealth is more than seven times greater than that of Spain, double that of Germany, two and one-half times greater than that of Russia, nearly double the wealth of Russia, Italy, Austria and Spain, and \$22,720,000,000 larger than that of Great Britain.

#### Keep Out of the City.

Why do men prefer the privations and battling and poverty of a city, when on a farm there is so much of plenty and peace and wealth? The illiterate laborer selects the town because of that sense which prompts the knowing to raise his eye above the sixpence which conceals the dollar beyond. "It is easier," says a carter, "to load a cart than to grub a clearing." And so it is, only that brush land once made clear stays cleared, while carts that are laden empty as fast as they are laden. The work with the cart waxes harder with the age of the carter. The cultivation of the land grows easier with the children of the farmer.

#### To Exterminate Vermin.

A writer in the Scientific American says he has cleared his premises of vermin by making whitewash yellow with copperas and covering the stones and rafters in the cellar with it. In every crevice in which a rat might go he put the copperas, and scattered it in the corners of the floor. The result was a complete disappearance of rats and mice. Since that time not a rat or a mouse has been seen near the house. Every spring the cellar is coated with the yellow whitewash as a purifier and a rat exterminator, and no typhoid, dysentery or fever attacks the family.

#### Cultivation of Timber.

Very little of the timber now in this country is valuable for lumber, and that which will not make lumber has no other value, present or prospective. If it is to be retained, why not have the land freed from taxation? Perhaps a premium should be paid for the cultivation of timber. It seems that we must do that or do worse. The sooner we arrive at some determination the better it will be for the country. As an investment our timber lands do not now pay.—Globe-Democrat.

#### Potatoes in Africa.

In spite of the statement frequently made that white potatoes should not grow in Africa, the potatoes grew and brought forth abundantly. From this time on travelers and missionaries need not be deprived of their favorite vegetable, provided they stick to the higher altitudes. While the African-raised potatoes are a little more watery than the best American or European tubers, they are not so much so as to impair their quality to an important degree.

#### Spanish Wine.

Wine forms 48 per cent. of Spain's general exports.

There are still some old-fashioned people who do not believe that a social affair is a success unless the noise can be heard a block away.



### COMMISSION TAKES A REST.

#### American-Canadian Conference Ends—Trouble Over Alaska.

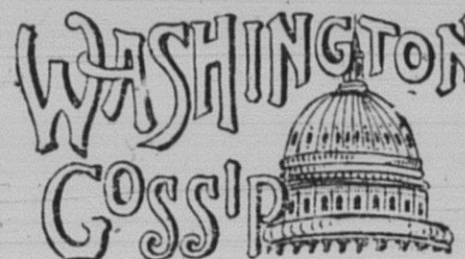
The American-Canadian joint high commission, which has been holding sessions in Washington, adjourned to meet at Quebec Aug. 2 unless the chairmen of the respective commissions agree upon another date. The commission first began its labors nearly six months ago in Canada, and has, with the exception of probably a month, been earnestly at work endeavoring to accomplish the object for which it was appointed—the formulation of a treaty covering the many perplexing questions of differences affecting the business interests of the United States and Canada.

A dozen important questions were referred to the commission for its consideration, and the commissioners assert that substantial progress in the settlement and adjustment of many of the questions has been made. Probably those which have given the most serious trouble and proved stumbling blocks to a final agreement on all have been the two relating to lumber and the Alaskan boundary question, on both of which the Canadians have demanded concessions which the Americans felt it would be prejudicial to the best interests of the United States to grant. It was felt that an adjournment for a few months might result in a better prospect for harmony and a disposition on the part of the Canadians to agree to propositions made to them from the commissioners on this side of the boundary line.

### WANTS THE GENERALS SHOT.

#### Fiery Debate Takes Place in the Spanish Cortes.

Spanish political circles are greatly agitated over the meeting of the Cortes and the public awaits the action of that body with keen interest. The opening session was marked by scenes of disorder, but personal encounters that threatened at different times were avoided. Discussion of different phases of the war with America provoked general uproar. Count d'Almenas was particularly severe in his attacks upon the Spanish generals and demanded that those who surrendered be shot. Rivera, Weyler, Blanco, Linares and Cervera, he declared, were failures as fighters and administrators. A great uproar followed this statement, and a number of people were expelled from the galleries.



Great Britain continues to be the greatest customer of the United States, despite the fact that our purchases from her continue much below those of former years. The figures of the treasury bureau of statistics covering the calendar year exports and imports show that our sales to the United Kingdom in the year 1898 were \$538,661,787, against \$482,695,024 in 1897, while our imports from Great Britain in 1898 were but \$111,361,617, against \$159,062,286 in 1897. Thus our sales to the United Kingdom are nearly five times as much as our purchases from her. The imports into the United Kingdom from the United States in the calendar year 1898 show a healthy increase in the items of bacon, lard, copper, raw cotton, leather, hops, corn and oats.

Secretary Alger and the members of the Senate and House Military Committees and their wives will go on a junket tour through the West Indies. They will sail from New York on March 6, which is immediately after the adjournment of Congress, on the steamship Berlin, and will be gone until April 1. The party will live on the steamer during the entire trip and make short trips into the interior of the islands of Cuba and Porto Rico. They go to study the military requirements of the islands so as to enable the two committees to see exactly what is needed in the way of increasing the army.

The Attorney General has decided that the United States is not liable for any claims for damages arising out of Dewey's cutting the British cable at Manila. This opinion is rendered in response to an intimation from the British Government that it would like to know the attitude of the United States in regard to the matter. The Attorney General holds that the cutting of the cable was necessary as an exigency of war.

There is considerable adverse comment in Washington on the custom of allowing each prominent official a telephone at public expense. Cabinet ministers, heads of departments, etc., all have telephones, which are, however, denied other personages of note.

Postmaster General Smith has ordered Postoffice Inspectors Irwin of California, Sullivan of St. Louis and Leatherman of Ohio to proceed to Cuba to assist Director of Posts Rathbone.

A new ruling is about to be adopted in the Postoffice Department. It is on account of the proneness of some of the young women clerks to get married. It is almost a daily occurrence to receive an official communication advising the department that in the future "Miss Smith" must be addressed as "Mrs. Brown." The intention is to permit young women who change their names to allow their husbands to support them.

The President received in his mail the other morning a rabbit's foot from Kernersville, N. C.

**History's Cinderella.**  
Cinderella is not entirely the product of fiction. The Princess Rhodopis, of Egypt, was the first Cinderella. She was bathing in the Nile, and a bird, which Strabo calls an eagle, flying past picked up one of her slippers, or sandals, flew away with it, and dropped it on the lap of Prince Psammetichus, who was holding a Court of Justice in Memphis. He was so struck by the dainty manufacture and small size of the sandal that, being then in search of a bride, he at once vowed that he would only wed the maiden whose foot fitted the sandal. There were two elder daughters of the first marriage who greatly envied her good fortune—and here we have all the essentials of the story.

#### Wild Rush of Diamond Miners.

A wild rush of miners is reported at Nullagie, Australia, where diamonds have been discovered, and it is feared that many will lose their lives in the struggle. In this country the rush for gain is causing men to break down in health. Nervousness and general debility are the symptoms which Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will cure.

Tiger shooting is always spoken of as almost a thing of the past in India, but 546 were killed in Bengal in 1897, 408 bears in Burma and 1,241 wolves in the northwest provinces. They got back at humanity, however, for the wolves killed 420 persons in those provinces. The famine drove the people into the jungle and the drought brought the wild animals into the open parts, so that the loss of life was 1,000 greater than the year before. Altogether 4,277 persons were killed by animals and 20,359 by snakes; 76,600 cattle were killed, mostly by the larger animals.

### Did You Make Your Grain-O This Way?

Here are the latest directions: Use one tablespoonful of Grain-O to two cups of cold water. (Be sure to measure.) After the water gets to the boiling point let boil for fifteen to twenty minutes. Use cream and sugar to suit the taste. If you have not cream use hot milk.

A lady said: "The first time I drank Grain-O I did not like it, but after using it for ten days and forming the habit, nothing would induce me to go back to coffee." This is the experience of all. If you will follow directions, measure it every time and make it the same, and try it for ten days, you will not go back to coffee.

### History of Chemistry.

The Paris exposition of 1900 will include a museum of the history of chemistry. It will include apparatus, products of chemical laboratories, plans, portraits of investigators, etc.

### In Winter Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. During winter your feet feel uncomfortable, nervous, and often cold and damp. If you have perspiring, smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It warms and rests the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen spots, sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and is a certain cure for chilblains and all frost bites. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

### A Politic Young Mother.

A little son was born into a family near Sabattus, Me., recently, being the twelfth child of a mother only 35 or 36 years old, the eldest of the family being but 18 years old.

### \$3,000 for a New Corn.

That's what this new corn cost. Yields 313 bushels per acre. Big Four Oats 250 bushels—Salzer's Rape to pasture sheep and cattle at 25c. per acre yields 50 tons; potatoes \$1.20 per bushel. Bromus inermis, the greatest grass on earth; Beardless Barley 60 bushels per acre; 10 kinds grasses and clovers, etc.

Send this notice to JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS., with 10c. stamps and receive free great Catalogue; \$3,000 Corn and 10 Farm Seed Samples. (c. n.)

There is a creature known as the hagfish, or myxine, which is in the habit of getting inside cod and similar fish and devouring the interior until only the skin and the skeleton are left.

### BACKACHE is a symptom.

Something makes the backache and that something requires attention or the backache can never be permanently stopped. "I suffered for years with a long list of troubles," writes Mrs. C. KLENK, of Wells, Minn. (Box 151), to Mrs. Pinkham, "and I want to thank you for my complete recovery. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a wonderful medicine for women."

"I had severe female complaints causing terrible backache and nervous prostration; was dizzy most of the time, had headache and such a tired feeling. I now have taken seven bottles of your Compound and have also used the Sanative Wash and feel like a new woman. I must say I never had anything help me so much. I have better health than I ever had in my life. I sleep well at night, and can work all day without feeling tired. I give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound all the credit, for I know it has cured me of all my troubles. I would not do without your remedies for anything."

Mrs. E. FURTON, of Meade, Mich., writes:

"Two years ago I was troubled with constant backache and headache and was very nervous. I resolved to try your medicine and took two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and on taking the third a tumor was expelled. I was a little

frightened and sent for the doctor; and he said that it was fortunate for me that it came away. I got quite well after that and have your Compound alone to thank for my recovery."

Multitudes of women suffer constantly with backache. Other grateful multitudes have been relieved of it by Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine.



## "Durability is Better Than Show."

The wealth of the multi-millionaires is not equal to good health. Riches without health are a curse, and yet the rich, the middle classes and the poor alike have, in Hood's Sarsaparilla, a valuable assistant in getting and maintaining perfect health. It never disappoints.

**Scrofula.**—Three years ago our son, now eleven, had a serious case of scrofula and erysipelas with dreadful sores, discharging and itching constantly. He could not walk. Several physicians did not help for sixteen months. Three months' treatment with Hood's Sarsaparilla made him perfectly well. We are glad to tell others of it. Mrs. DAVID LAIRD, Ottawa, Kansas.

**Nausea.**—Vomiting spells, dizziness and prostration troubled me for years. Had neuralgia, grew weak and could not sleep. My age was against me, but Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me thoroughly. My weight increased from 125 to 143 pounds. I am the mother of nine children. Never felt so well and strong since I was married as I do now. Mrs. M. A. WATERS, 1529 33d St., Washington, D. C.

**Eczema.**—We had to tie the hands of our two year old son on account of eczema on face and limbs. No medicine cured him until we used Hood's Sarsaparilla, which soon cured. Mrs. A. VAN WYCK, 12 Montgomery Street, Paterson, N. J.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## CANADA IS A BIG COUNTRY

With a view to encouraging immigration, the Government of Canada has issued a series of pamphlets, one of which is entitled "FARMERS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE." These pamphlets contain a full and complete description of the various farming lands available in the West, and the advantages of settling in Canada. They are free of charge, and can be obtained by sending a postcard to the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, Canada.

### Heaviest Anchors Ever Made.

Eight and a half tons is the weight of each of the anchors of the Canadian liner Campana, which were tested to bear a strain of 120 tons. The weight of the cables and anchors together for that vessel was 105 tons. These anchors are the heaviest ever made.

### St. Jacobs Oil cures Rheumatism.

St. Jacobs Oil " Neuralgia.  
St. Jacobs Oil " Lumbago.  
St. Jacobs Oil " Sciatica.  
St. Jacobs Oil " Sprains.  
St. Jacobs Oil " Bruises.  
St. Jacobs Oil " Soreness.  
St. Jacobs Oil " Stiffness.  
St. Jacobs Oil " Backache.  
St. Jacobs Oil " Muscular Aches.

### Purple Robes.

The Lieutenant Governor of South Carolina wears a purple robe of office when presiding over the Senate.

### What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about 1/4 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

As many as 111,000,000 bottles of champagne are stored in the vaults of French producers. They represent a cost price of \$50,000,000.

### To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure a cold. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

It is said that some of the sheep "runs" or flocks of Australia are as large as the whole of England.

### WEARINESS OF BACKACHE



# Slop Coughing

Every cough makes your throat more raw and irritable. Every cough congests the lining membrane of your lungs. Coughing tears your throat and lungs in this way. Put the parts at rest and give them a chance to heal. You will need some help to do this, and you will find it in

# Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

From the first dose the quiet and rest begin: the tickling in the throat ceases; the spasm weakens; the cough disappears. Do not wait for pneumonia and consumption but cut short your cold without delay.

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral should be over the lungs of every person troubled with a cough. Write to the Doctor.

General opportunities and long experience qualify us for giving you medical advice. Write for our medical advice. We will send you a copy of our book, "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral," which contains full directions for its use. It is a valuable book, and we will send it to you free of charge.

Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.



# SYRUP OF FIGS

NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS lies not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe or nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LACHTVILL, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

# DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

# TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER WILL KEEP YOU DRY.

Don't be fooled with a mackintosh or rubber coat. If you want a coat that will keep you dry in the hardest storm, buy the Fish Brand Slicker. It is for sale in your town. Write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

# A Good Garden

Is a pleasure and a profit. Gregory's seed book describes a right.

## REBELS FIRE MANILA

PROPERTY LOSS IN THE TOWN IS ENORMOUS.

Natives Apply the Torch During Night Attack—Filipinos Driven to the Jungles by American Troops—Visayas Offer to Fight Aguinaldo.

The rebels fired the city of Manila Wednesday night, applying the torch to many buildings. The greater part of the city is heavily damaged. The attempt to burn the city was followed by an outbreak of rebel sympathizers and severe fighting in the streets followed. The troops suppressed the outbreak by prompt and determined action. A number of the insurgents were killed and several American soldiers were wounded. A large market place was among the first to burn. Between six and seven hundred residences and business houses were destroyed. Fires were started at several points simultaneously and, spreading with great rapidity, resisted all efforts to control them.

Native sharpshooters were concealed behind corner buildings. They shot at every American in sight. Flames burst forth simultaneously from Santa Cruz, San Nicolas and Tondo. From these points the flames spread in all directions. In a short time the greater part of the city was on fire. Notwithstanding the continual firing of the hidden sharpshooters the American garrison turned out and fought the fire. In many cases they had first to drive away the lurking assassins.

None of our troops was killed, but seven members of the Minnesota regiment were wounded while making a rush into the burning Tondo quarter. The troops were rallied from some of the outlying encampments. They quickly spread through all parts of the city and promptly subdued what was evidently planned for a general uprising and massacre.

The fire lasted all night. The native rebels in the city have been completely subjected by the prompt work of Gen. Otis and the other commanders. It is evident that the incendiaries and assassins believed that the entire town would be destroyed and with it the foreign residents and the American soldiers. The loss will be very heavy. Strong guards are posted in all parts of the city and it is believed that another massacre will not be attempted.

The attempt to burn the city of Manila is part of the often announced plan of the insurgents. Filipino spies and sympathizers have been watched by the American troops day and night. Many have been captured. Some of them were disguised in women's clothing. Plots of all kinds have been afoot. There has been constant fear for weeks that a massacre and conflagration would be attempted. Gen. Otis warned his officers to be ever vigilant and since the first battle on Friday four troops have guarded all quarters within the lines.

Ancient Lanson, president of Negros Island, called on Gen. Otis with his fellow delegates. They assured Gen. Otis of the hearty support of the Visayas. The government of Negros, they declared, was in favor of American rule. The commission offered to raise an army of 100,000 Visayans to fight the Tagalos on the island of Luzon.

Admiral Schley is proud of the full dress uniform which he wears on ceremonial occasions. Gen. Palmer is preparing a series of articles reminiscent of Lincoln, with whom he was intimate.

The Queen of Greece is the only woman admiral in the world. She holds this rank in the Russian navy.

Ex-Gov. Taylor of Tennessee granted 600 pardons, commutations and respites during his two years in office.

Before Representative Jerry Simpson became a ranchman he was for several years a sailor on the great lakes.

Secretary Long is not fond of society, and generally prefers not to take part in that side of Washington life.

John R. McLean has offered to defray the cost of collecting a complete history of Ohio for the Congressional Library.

James F. Warner, well known over all the Northwest as a miner and promoter, is the original of Mark Twain's "Colonel Mulberry Sellers."

The next Senate will have three members who have given considerable attention to elocution. They are Senators Quarles of Wisconsin, Beveridge of Indiana and Simon of Oregon.

N. B. Scott, the new Senator from West Virginia, made his fortune, like Senator Turner of Washington, in mining. He was born in a log cabin and was left an orphan while still a small boy.

Representative Francis G. Newlands, who was a rival of William M. Stewart in the Nevada senatorial fight, is an old crony of Senator George P. Wetmore of Rhode Island, whose classmate he was at Yale.

Gov. J. G. Brady of Alaska was once a homeless boy in New York. He was sent to an Iowa farmer by the Children's Aid Society, which later assisted him through college. He first went to Alaska as a missionary.

Gen. Otis, the commander of our forces in the Philippines, is said to be a man of laconic speech who rarely utters more than one short sentence at a time, but manages to make that sentence epigrammatic and full of meaning.

Gov. Stanley of Kansas recently received this note: "Dear Sir: I understand you said you were going to take a week off to tear up the big pile of letters asking you for jobs. If everything else is gone, I would like the job of tearing up letters."

Captain John H. Surratt, whose mother was hanged for the murder of President Lincoln, is a trusted employee of a Baltimore steamship line.

Congressman James A. Tawney of Minnesota owns the last communication in writing made by the late Representative Dingley.

Judge William Butler of the bench of the United States District Court, learned the value of a printer in the office of the West Chester (Pa.) Village Record. Among the Chester men in the office at the same time

## FOR 14 CENTS

We wish to gain this year 200,000 new customers, and hence offer 14c for 100 seeds of the following: Early Ripe Cabbage, Early Ripe Cauliflower, Early Ripe Broccoli, Early Ripe Lettuce, Early Ripe Tomato, Early Ripe Onion, Early Ripe Bean, Early Ripe Pea, Early Ripe Corn, Early Ripe Potato, Early Ripe Sweet Potato, Early Ripe Turnip, Early Ripe Radish, Early Ripe Carrot, Early Ripe Parsnip, Early Ripe Beet, Early Ripe Cucumber, Early Ripe Melon, Early Ripe Watermelon, Early Ripe Pumpkin, Early Ripe Squash, Early Ripe Zucchini, Early Ripe Eggplant, Early Ripe Tomato, Early Ripe Pepper, Early Ripe Chili, Early Ripe Eggplant, Early Ripe Zucchini, Early Ripe Squash, Early Ripe Melon, Early Ripe Watermelon, Early Ripe Pumpkin, Early Ripe Cucumber, Early Ripe Cabbage, Early Ripe Cauliflower, Early Ripe Broccoli, Early Ripe Lettuce, Early Ripe Tomato, Early Ripe Onion, Early Ripe Bean, Early Ripe Pea, Early Ripe Corn, Early Ripe Potato, Early Ripe Sweet Potato, Early Ripe Turnip, Early Ripe 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# GRAND CLEARING SALE OF FURNITURE.

SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1899

We begin selling our stock of Furniture at prices that will move it quick. Our stock consists of plain and fancy rockers, couches in all styles of covers, upholstered parlor furniture, dining chairs and tables, bedroom suits, springs and mattresses, iron bedsteads, parlor tables, combination bookcases, writing desks, easels, sideboards, hall trees, mirrors.

## HERE ARE SOME PRICES.

\$1.50	Bed springs now	-	-	75c
\$2.00	Bed springs now	-	-	\$1.25
\$3.00	Mattresses now	-	-	\$2.05
\$2.50	Mattresses now	-	-	\$1.45
\$8.50	Dining chairs now	-	-	\$5.75
\$5.00	Dining chairs now	-	-	\$3.00

\$2.50	Rockers now	-	-	\$1.65
\$3.75	Iron beds now	-	-	\$2.50
\$6.00	Iron beds now	-	-	\$4.25
\$22.00	Bedroom suits now	-	-	\$16.25
\$20.00	Bedroom suits now	-	-	\$14.50
\$35.00	Bedroom suits now	-	-	Only one left in stock \$25.00

## EVERYTHING IN OUR STOCK GOING AT THE SAME RATE.

If you are going to need Furniture for the next year to come, it will pay you to buy now.

## SPECIAL RATES ON PICTURE FRAMING.

# HOAG & HOLMES.

If you can not carry the Goods we will deliver them for you to your Homes.

**S. G. BUSH**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.  
Formerly resident physician U. of M. Hospital.  
Office in Hatch block. Residence opposite M. E. church.

**R. McCOLGAN.**  
Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur  
Office and residence corner of Main and Park Streets.  
Graduate of Philadelphia Polyclinic in diseases of eye, ear, nose and throat.  
CHELSEA, MICH.

**FRANK SHAVER,**  
Proprietor of The "City" Barber Shop. In the new Babcock Building Main street.  
Bathroom in connection.  
CHELSEA, MICH.

**H. H. AVERY,**  
DENTIST  
All kinds of dental work done in a careful and thorough manner.  
Special attention given to children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and local anesthetics used in extracting.  
Permanently located.  
Office over Rattray's Tailor Shop

**W. S. HAMILTON**  
Veterinary Surgeon  
Treats all diseases of domesticated animals. Special attention given to lameness and horse dentistry. Office and residence on Park street across from M. E. church, Chelsea, Mich.

**G. E. HATHWAY,**  
GRADUATE IN DENTISTRY.  
Why not have a new set of Furniture for your dining room? Useful as well as ornamental. We always try them in before they are finished so that any changes in arrangement can be made. Gas administered when desired. Also a safe and reliable anesthetic for extracting.

**DO YOU WANT LIFE INSURANCE?**  
**DO YOU WANT FIRE INSURANCE?**  
I represent "The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York," the largest insurance company in the world. Also, six of the best Fire Insurance Companies. Can carry farm risks. Call and get figures before you place your insurance.  
B. B. TURNBULL, Agent.

**R. P. CARPENTER, W. R. C. NO. 210,**  
meets the Second and Fourth Friday in each month. The Second Friday at 2:30 p. m. The Fourth Friday at 7:30 p. m.  
R. M. WILKINSON, Secretary.

Wagons and buggies made to order. None but first-class material and workmanship enter into their construction.  
Adam Faist.

**Great Clearing Sale of ROBES AND BLANKETS.**

**C. STEINBACH'S**  
We are making prices that will pay you to buy now for next season. Come early and get first selection.

**C. STEINBACH.**

OLIVE LODGE NO 156, F. & A. M.  
Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No 156, F. & A. M. for 1899.  
Jan. 24, Feb. 21, March 21, April 18, May 23, June 20, July 18, Aug. 15, Sept. 12, Oct. 17, Nov. 14. Annual meeting and election of officers: Dec. 22  
THEO. E. WOOD, Sec.

**Rooms to Rent.**

Inquire at the Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank.

**MICHIGAN CENTRAL**

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time Card, taking effect, Jan. 29, 1899

TRAINS EAST:  
No. 8—Detroit Night Express 5:20 a. m.  
No. 36—Atlantic Express 7:15 a. m.  
No. 12—Grand Rapids 10:40 a. m.  
No. 6—Express and Mail 3:15 p. m.

TRAINS WEST:  
No. 3—Express and Mail 9:17 a. m.  
No. 13—Grand Rapids 6:20 p. m.  
No. 7—Chicago Express 10:20 p. m.  
O. W. ROGLES, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agt.  
E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent.

**Grange Meeting.**  
LaFayette Grange met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. T. English, February 23. Meeting was called to order at 1 o'clock p. m. by the master. One application for membership was passed upon. An invitation from Ypsilanti Grange to attend a Union Grange on March 18th was read and accepted. Worthy master, O. C. Burkhardt, was elected as delegate to the State Round-up Institute at Pontiac. Other business being finished, after a short recess, the meeting was turned over to the lecturer who had a good program prepared. Roll call was responded to by quotations. A poem, entitled "Washington," was read by Mrs. G. T. English, followed by a well prepared paper by O. C. Burkhardt on Washington. Our lecturer said we ought to have more just such good papers. A song was then sang by the Grange, "Onward-Marching." Elmer Dean read a paper on the life of Washington. Select reading by Mrs. F. H. Sweetland on "Home Life of Washington." G. T. English read a short article, "One Night and One Day," referring to life of Washington.

The subject for discussion was, "How should Farmers' Institutes be conducted to be of the greatest benefit to farmers?" Truman Baldwin was asked to lead. He said he was not interested enough in dairy cows to open the question. Mr. G. Boynton said that we should look for men that were far advanced in their special lines of work to lead on our programs, and not to have too much on the program, and give more time to a single topic, rather than a short time on several topics. F. Sweetland said not to spend too much time on one subject, so that other interesting topics were cut off. G. T. English said, have one good paper for each session, and plenty of questions asked, a presiding officer who knows just when to cut off a discussion, so there is no personality brought into the discussion; a good secretary and good committee on program work; get a good well posted speaker; one we can not exhaust by asking questions, and our institute will be a success.

The lecturer appointed Mrs. S. Winslow to tell the leading events of the state for the past two weeks; O. C. Burkhardt, the events of the country. At our next meeting, which will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Boynton, Thursday, March 9th. Question for discussion: "What are the best methods for the construction of permanent roads in this section?" Discussion opened by G. T. English. "Who accomplishes the most good, she who leaves nothing undone at home, or she who devotes some time to the cause of education, temperance and social purity?" Discussion opened by Mrs. Geo. Boynton.

**A MOST WONDERFUL CURE.**  
Eminent Physician Pronounced it Consumption.  
DR. C. D. WARNER, Coldwater, Mich.  
Dear Sir:—I have received great benefit from your White Wine of Tar Syrup. I had a cough and the doctors gave up all hopes of my recovery and pronounced it consumption; I thought that it was death for me. I tried everything we could hear of. Finally one of my friends prevailed upon me to use your White Wine of Tar Syrup. I took 1 1/2 bottles and am cured entirely. Such medicine I can recommend to those who are afflicted as I was. Very respectfully yours,  
JOSEPH E. UNDERHILL,  
Doland, South Dakota.

Say, if you want to get rid of that cough try Otto's Cough Cure. For sale at Glazier & Stinson's.

For Sale—Buggy, harness and swell box cutter; all in good condition, for \$20. Inquire at Cummings grocery.

Wanted—A competent girl or woman for general housework, in a family of three. Must be a good cook and laundress. None other need apply. Two dollars per week. Address box 55, Chelsea, Mich., or call at 137 Summit street, east.

Wanted—A girl to do house work. Inquire of W. J. Knapp.

If you contemplate committing matrimony procure your invitations at The Standard office, where you will find the smoothest line of wedding stationery what ever came down the pike.

If you want anything in the line of repair work take it to Adam Faist. He will do you a good job.

Bob sleighs from now to close of winter at very low prices. Adam Faist.

If you want a binder, mower or hay rake call on Adam Faist.

A house and lot and vacant lots for sale at a bargain on the new addition to the village. Apply to D. B. Taylor.

I build the Kittleman woven wire fence. Headquarters Lima Center, Mich.  
Geo. Whittington.

Lost—Three silver knives, forks and spoons, and three napkins. Finder Please leave at The Standard office.

OIL! Dean & Co.'s Red Star Oil has no equal in quality. Gives a white light which is free from smoke and odor. Does not char the wick. We sell it. Fenn & Vogel.

**Ann - Arbor - Electric - Granite - Works**

Designers and Builders of  
Artistic Granite and Marble Memorials.  
On hand large quantities of all the various Granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice as we have a full equipment for polishing.

**JOHN BAUMGARDNER, Prop., Ann Arbor.**

### REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

**Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank**

at Chelsea, Michigan,

At the Close of Business Feb. 4th, 1899.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$ 50,275.90
Stocks bonds & mortgages	130,173.08
Overdrafts	3.37
Banking house	8,000.00
Furniture and fixtures	2,000.00
Due from banks in reserve cities	59,352.64
Due from other banks and bankers	24,191.98
Checks and cash items	239.06
Nickels and cents	173.63
Gold coin	2,760.00
Silver coin	2,009.05
U. S. and state bonds	4,500.00
Notes	5,597.00
Total	\$289,275.71

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 40,000.00
Undivided profits less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	1,183.13
Commercial deposits subject to check	59,545.93
Commercial certificates of deposit	24,938.34
Savings deposits	134,557.27
Savings certificates of deposit	29,051.04
Total	\$289,275.71

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.

I, J. A. Palmer, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN A. PALMER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of February, 1899.

Geo. A. BeGole, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: H. S. Holmes, Ruben Kempf, C. Klein, Directors.

### REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

**Chelsea Savings Bank.**

at Chelsea, Michigan

At the close of Business, Feb. 4th, 1899.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$103,358.20
Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc	159,351.64
Banking house	3,800.00
Furniture and fixtures	3,504.00
Other real estate	10,175.00
Due from banks in reserve cities	33,303.08
Exchanges for clearing house	209.57
Checks and cash items	1,079.75
Nickels and cents	267.38
Gold coin	1,580.00
Silver coin	1,027.00
U. S. and National Bank Notes	5,536.00
Total	\$323,791.97

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 60,000.00
Surplus fund	6,795.00
Undivided profits less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	2,864.43
Dividends unpaid	171.00
Commercial deposits subject to check	41,129.70
Commercial certificates of deposit	94,098.17
Savings deposits	26,128.18
Savings certificates of deposit	92,605.43
Total	\$323,791.97

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.

I, Geo. P. Glazier, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Geo. P. GLAZIER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of February, 1899.

THEO. E. WOOD, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: WM. J. KNAPP, W. P. SCHENK, Directors.

Total Loans 263,309.96  
Deposits 254,132.48  
Cash and Exchange 43,003.01